

The Chelsea Standard.

VOL. VII. NO. 11.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1895.

WHOLE NUMBER 323

H. S. HOLMES-MERCANTILE CO.

SPECIAL

Saturday morning of this week we shall place on sale 25 dozen Ladies' Fast Black Seamless, Imported Hose (New Goods) all sizes, our regular 20c quality for only 15c per single pair or

Two pairs for 25c.

Also 25 dozen children's ribbed fast black, seamless 20c hose for 15c per single pair or two pairs for 25c. We ask to have these goods compared with other's 25c qualities. Get what you want of these at once as the quantity is limited and there will be no more as good for the money. Look over our great bargains in all kinds of dress goods. Red Mark Sale now on.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns, Delineators, Metropolitans, Etc.

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Stoves, Tinware,
House Furnishing
Goods, Iron, Nails,
Glass, Peninsular Oils
and Paints, Pumps

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Burch Plows,
Bissell Plows,
McCormick Mowers
and Binders, Buckeye
Mowers and Binders

C. E. WHITAKER.

All For
Three Dollars

The Shoes
and the
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The Lewis Accident Insurance
Shoes for men. \$3.00
For full particulars
call on R. A. SNYDER

R.I.P.A.N.S

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

JUNE FIRST IS THE DATE

SET FOR TURNING ON THE ARC LIGHTS.

Program of Decoration Day Exercises—
He was Hard to Kill—A Comparison—
The Market Report—Other Interesting
Items.

June 1st is the Date.

Work is rapidly progressing on wiring the village for arc lights. All the new poles have been planted and the lamps are being placed in position. Manager Welch informs us that June 1st is the date that has been set for turning on the new lights, and then Chelsea can hold up her head among the cities of the land and say that she is as well lighted as the best of them.

Market.

The market continues to advance. Wheat brings 75c for red or white and looks like advancing still more, rye 65c, oats 32c, potatoes 50c, egg 11c, butter 12c. Wool moves slowly at 8 to 10c for unwashed and 10 to 12c for washed. Arrivals are light as farmers are busy and not inclined to sell on an advancing market. It is impossible to tell how much further prices will advance.

A Few Figures.

Supervisor Lightall has given us a few figures from his report that may be of interest to our readers.

The total number of sheep owned in Sylvan in the year 1894 was 6,682; in 1895 there are only 5,829, a falling off of 653.

In 1894 the total acreage of wheat was 2,617; in 1895 there are 2,677 acres, a gain of 60 acres.

There were 41,692 bushels of wheat harvested in 1894.

There were 28 births and 24 deaths during the past year.

Mary A. Alber.

Mary A. Alber, daughter of John and Mary Alber, died at her home in Sharon township last Sunday afternoon, May 19, of consumption, after an ill of thirteen weeks. She was born in the township of Sylvan in 1870 and has spent her entire life in this vicinity. Through the influence of Christian parents and the instrumentality of the church she was led to Christ about seven years ago and joined the M.E. church at North Sharon, of which she has been a member ever since. She was for some time a member of the Epworth League in Chelsea. She found great comfort and help in reading God's word, the fourteenth of John being her special delight. She was of cheerful disposition, patient in suffering and died sweetly resting in Jesus. The funeral services were held Wednesday, May 23, at the house and at the cemetery being conducted by Rev. C. Ude of the Evangelical church, while Rev. C. L. Adams had charge of the services held in the M. E. church. Besides her parents, she leaves two sisters and eight brothers.

Decoration Day Exercises.

R. P. Carpenter, Post, No. 41, G. A. R. is making preparations for the proper observance of Decoration Day, one week from to-day. This is a duty that the Post has not failed to perform for many years.

Rev. Chas. O. Rielly will deliver the address.

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

Music Prayer Exercises
Music Quartette
Music Reading of Orders Band
Address Rev. Chas. O. Rielly
Benediction

After the above exercises, the procession will form in the following order and march to Oak Grove Cemetery for the purpose of decorating graves:

Marshal
Band
Chelsea Tent, K. O. T. M.
R. P. Carpenter Post, 41, G. A. R.
Speaker
Woman's Relief Corps.
Flower wagons and Guard
Citizens on foot and in carriages
All are invited to bring flowers to the Town Hall on that day, where a committee will be prepared to receive them.

Hard to Kill.

The recent fire at the residence of John Burns, on Railroad street, seems to recall the following facts relative to the personal history of Burns, furnished by Dr. Batwell, who attended him through all his various mishaps and whose words we quote:

"The first time I was summoned to attend Burns, he resided between Record's and Wayne. He was found on the railroad near Wayne, with his head reduced to a perfect pulp. It actually seemed on examination as if there was not a piece larger than a silver dollar left of the skull. He was comatose and pulseless, and bandaging the head so as to lessen the disfigurement after his death, I left, expecting an hour or two would end his suffering. Some five or six days after, I received a request to send him some medicine to quiet him as he was very restless. Curiosity prompted me to go and see him, and although even then I could not believe it possible he could recover, he did.

His next exploit was whilst working on the T. & A. A. road; he was knocked over by a dumping car, and suffered a compound fracture of both bones of the leg. He drove in from Umanis sitting bolt upright in the buggy, with the injured limb thrown over the sound one, and the bone protruding through his pants, serenely smoking his pipe and apparently oblivious to all pain and suffering. He was carried to his home, and with much difficulty the fractured limb was suitably adjusted, and in a short time, he was again ready for railroad business, and whilst on the track of the M. O. R. R. was struck by an express train and thrown on the cow catcher, and in this position brought into the depot. There were no bones broken, and though bruised all over, he lit his pipe and started for his home up the track.

For a short time he fought shy of the railroad, but one day he wandered off from home and was struck by a passenger train on M. O. R. R. the entire train passing over his lower limbs, necessitating amputation of both extremities above the knee. As usual nothing seemed to hinder him from a speedy recovery, and he is now in the enjoyment of perfect health.

Though somewhat shortened up, he probably will be heard of some day, as endeavoring to wreck a train with what is left of him.—Ypsilanti Sentinel.

The Delineator for June.

Around the Tea Table is reasonable in its subjects, and the article on "Cookery" deals largely with Summer Foods and Dishes. Mrs. Kirkby's popular treatise on the Kindergarten continues, and the subject of Burnt Work becomes more interesting to the student. A delightful "Conversation" between Edith Thomas and Dr. Ellor on Woman as Artist is wound up by a bit of dainty verse in Miss Thomas' best vein. Serving and Waiting at table is fully treated in the series on The Home; the article on Preservation and Renovation deals with cleaning Lamp Shades and Oil Paintings and there is an instructive paper on The Newest Books. The Experience of a Training School Life are continued, and a novel entertainment is given as A Studio Party. There are also special contributions on Knitting, Netting, Tatting, Lace-Making, etc.

The Orchid Fad.

The quaint brilliant and almost uncanny orchid is the flower of the hour for weddings and other notable functions, and is achieving the popularity which its enthusiastic admirers have long predicted for it. Everything about orchids is fascinating, and much curious and interesting information is given in a charming paper in the June number of Demorest's Magazine, "Some White House Orchids," and it is illustrated by over a score of reproductions from photographs, taken by special permission of Mrs. Cleveland, in the White House Conservatories, which depict some of the gems of the noted collection. Some of the peculiarities of that curiosity of the animal kingdom, the burro, are exploited in an article entitled "How a Burro Discovered Creeds," which is embellished with a number of portraits of the peculiar little beast. The story matter is bright and suggestive. Household has a paper on marketing with illustrations of the different cuts of beef, and all the other departments are, as usual, replete with interesting and helpful matter. This popular family magazine is furnished for only \$2 a year.

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Paris Green
Insect Powder
London Purple
White Hellebore
Whale Oil Soap
Poison Fly Paper
Tanglefoot Fly
Paper and all
Insect Extremators.

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Office over Glazier's Drug Store.
CHELSEA, MICH.

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Money placed and loaned on good
security.

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Shop. In the new Babcock Building
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W. S. HAMILTON
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of the Ontario Veterinarian
College. Registered member of the
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CHELSEA, MICH.

THE CHICAGO STANDARD.

O. T. ROOVEL, Publisher.
CHICAGO, MICHIGAN.

HIS DEED A MYSTERY.

J. W. MURRAY, OF CHICAGO,
KILLS HIMSELF.

Smart Money Paid to John Bull Before It Was Due—July Wheat Strong in Chicago at Sixty-Eight Cents—Sealing Matters.

Escapes His Troubles.

James W. Murray, assistant stage manager of Dave Henderson's "Aladdin Jr." company, took a long drink of absinthe Thursday afternoon in his room at No. 270 West Thirty-eighth street, New York, sat down at a table and cried like a child, wrote farewell notes, calmly drew a revolver from his hip pocket, thrust it inside his vest, shouted "Good-by," and in the presence of two of his most intimate friends deliberately fired a bullet into his heart. Murray was 23 years old and went to New York six weeks ago from Chicago, where a widowed mother lives. One of the letters written by Murray to his two friends, as follows: "What I am about to do will cause you to think. Your troubles have been my troubles; my troubles belong to me. We have had good times and all that, but this is my time. Another letter was addressed, 'To whom it may concern,' as follows: 'This or these letters will convince any jury that no blame is attached to my friends.' The dead man's friends knew he had been brooding over some secret trouble. They guessed he had had a love affair on hand, and that he had been jilted. But they never questioned him in that direction.

Wheat on the Boom.

July wheat sold up to 68 cents Thursday on the Chicago Board of Trade, and many speculators predicted that 75 cents would be reached by the July option in a few days. Some of the more enthusiastic "bulls" declared that wheat will keep on its upward way until the dollar mark is touched, but only the most sanguine believers in the future of the cereal let their dreams of higher prices climb to such a height. As it was, the market was strong enough to warrant rosy hopes by the friends of wheat. Every one wanted wheat, and the most daring "bear" was ready to sell but little, and that little he bought back within a few minutes, as he saw his losses piling up with every quarter cent advance. Conservative traders thought the market very hazardous and moved with caution. The day was entirely in favor of the bulls, and the prospects seemed good for a continuation of their success.

Nicaragua Pays England \$75,000.

London advices say: In compliance with the agreement under which the British men-of-war were withdrawn from Nicaragua on condition that the smart money, amounting to \$75,000, demanded by Great Britain for the expulsion of Consul Agent Hatch, be paid in London within fifteen days, that amount of money was on Thursday covered into the treasury of Great Britain on behalf of Nicaragua by Senator Chrisanto Medina, minister to London for Salvador, who has acted for Nicaragua in London throughout the episode thus closed. Nicaragua had until Monday to pay the indemnity, under the terms of the agreement.

To Prevent Seizures.

The United States revenue cutter Commodore Perry hurried out of port at San Francisco. She will make all haste possible in order to reach Bering Sea in time to prevent the fleet cutters which are now heading for the sealing grounds, from seizing any armed vessels, as is the present intention. Upon the fleetness of the Perry depends the warding off of serious complications with England. The latter Government has practically decreed that any interference with armed sealing vessels flying the British flag will meet with retaliation in the shape of claims for heavy damages.

BREVITIES.

There are 327 cases of typhoid fever at Stanford, Conn.

J. P. D. John has resigned the presidency of the DePauw University.

Burglars raided every store at Pulaski, Iowa, and carried away two wagon loads of plunder.

The required \$2,500,000 has been raised in London for the construction of an immense irrigation dam across the Rio Grande at Rincon, N. M., above El Paso.

The coroner's jury at Cripple Creek has returned a verdict that the killing of Jack Smith, leader of the Bull Hill miners during the strike last summer, by Marshal Kelly, at Altman, Colo., was justifiable homicide. Smith's companion, George Popst, who was also shot by Kelly, is dying.

Julius A. Palmer, the New York correspondent who went to the Hawaiian Islands three months ago, has arrived in San Francisco. He believes that there will soon be a crisis there, and that the end can only be the restoration of the monarchical form of government. He says there never will be harmony until the monarchy is restored and Princess Kaiulani placed upon the throne.

Smallpox has broken out suddenly in a negro settlement on Dearborn street, in Chicago, and it is causing the health officials an endless amount of trouble. Ten patients afflicted with the disease have been removed from two houses in that vicinity. The colored people were all taken to the smallpox hospital and a force of a dozen or more fumigators and vaccinators has been at work in the neighborhood ever since, taking precautions against the spread of the disease.

EASTERN.

The "greater New York" bill was defeated in the New York State Senate.

The Tammany Society of New York has elected ex-Recorder Frederick Smyth grand sachem.

J. Edward Addicks has been elected president of all the gas companies comprising the Bay State combination.

Harold Ethelbert Addison, of Chicago, won first prize in the Boylston prize speaking contest at Harvard University.

August Teffer, married, shot and killed Clara Herbold, aged 26, and then killed himself at Philadelphia, Pa. She would not elope with him.

It is reported at New York that the Pullman company, in order to escape hostile legislation in Illinois, will incorporate under New Jersey laws.

The Pennsylvania Commission Company, one of the largest bucket shops in Pittsburgh, suspended. The proprietors, Spunler & Frazier, give as a reason for quitting business the rapid and continued rise in all the speculative markets.

On the western division of the Erie three miles west of Hornellsville, N. Y., at an early hour Sunday morning, a fast freight was thrown in the ditch by a broken wheel and ten cars were piled up in a confused heap. Three men were killed and two hurt. Eleven horses also were killed.

A number of Baltimore musicians and clergymen were present at the test of a chime of bells which has just been completed for St. James' Catholic Church, Chicago. There are twenty bells in the chime, the largest of which weighs 1,150 pounds and the smallest 150. Their total weight is 40,000 pounds. It is the largest musical chime of bells ever cast in this country.

The syndicate of capitalists living in Haverhill, Mass., who bought the Good Hope mine, near Riverside, Cal., nearly a year ago for \$250,000, have come to the conclusion that they have paid too much for the property. They now desire the courts to aid them in throwing off \$100,000 from the purchase price. The Eastern men claim that when they bought the property they were duped outrageously by means of the old device of "salting."

WESTERN.

J. G. Harley has been appointed United States Commissioner for South McAllister, I. T.

Abraham Rimes, of La Porte, has been granted a divorce from his tenth wife, who was also his first bride.

A Tacoma, Wash., dispatch says: Facts have come to light which indicate that the late Paul Schultze's defalcations amount to nearly \$500,000, making his total embezzlement the largest ever known on the Pacific coast.

State Senator Peter R. Morrissey was shot and instantly killed at St. Louis by Maud Lewis. The woman has been mentally unbalanced, according to the statements of her neighbors, and is supposed to have been insane at the time.

Rudolph Schnaubelt, accused of throwing the bomb at the Haymarket riot May 4, 1886, has, according to a San Francisco paper, been spending a year at Vallejo, Cal. He disappeared a few days ago and it is said is now on his way to Brazil.

Mrs. Margaret Bach died at Dayton, Ohio, as a result of the fumes inhaled from ammonia placed in a tub of hot water. Another woman in the neighborhood, Kate Leichter, using ammonia in the same way for washing, was badly injured.

Friday was the time set for the execution of Johnson Jacob, a full-blooded Choctaw, at Caddo, I. T., for the murder of his wife last fall. Since his conviction he has been permitted to go where he pleased, and he adopted the white man's tricks and left for Paris unknown.

Bishop Gulstan Roberts has arrived in San Francisco from Honolulu, en route to Rome, where he is going to induce the pope to send more missionaries to the Hawaiian Islands to care for the lepers. He will also visit France on a similar mission. He says 1,200 lepers are on the island.

Newton Blagg, a farmer residing near Chatteroy, Wash., came home just in time to save his 2-year-old child from a horrible death. His wife, driven insane through religious frenzy, had built an altar in the woods near the house, upon which she had secured the babe, preparatory to roasting it alive.

Four men killed and two injured in the result of the explosion in mine No. 10 of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, at Sopris, Colo., Friday morning. Foul gases ignited from a miner's lamp. The company never had any report of gas in any of the mines in the district, and therefore never adopted any precautionary measures.

Dr. J. D. Robinson, who performed the first amputation in the war of the rebellion, died at Wooster, Ohio, Friday evening. The fact that Dr. Robinson was entitled to the distinction was recognized by the Government. The operation was performed upon James E. Hanger, a Confederate soldier, who was wounded at the battle of Phillippi, W. Va. Dr. Robinson served through the Mexican war as a surgeon, and during the war of the rebellion established half a dozen hospitals, at one time having charge of the national hospital in the Patent Office at Washington, D. C. He was born in Wooster April 23, 1820.

Lake Michigan unleashed itself Monday night in one of the worst storms known for years, and only most fortunate circumstances prevented a repetition of the series of wrecks and disasters that occurred May 18, 1894. The list of boats lost is a large one, and in all thirteen lives are known to have been sacrificed. The shipping list follows: Quicksip, wrecked off Racine; Willard, from Alpena; J. B. Kitchen, wrecked at Middle Island; Viking, driven aground with three consorts at Sand Beach, Mich.; unknown steam barge, ashore six miles north of Sand Beach; steamer Unio, wrecked at St. Clair; three schooners, wrecked off East Tawas, Mich.; schooner Heindeck, reported stranded at Black River; unknown

schooner, wrecked off Racine; three-masted schooner, wrecked near Milwaukee.

The loss of the Cayuga caused a good deal of consternation among lake underwriters in Chicago. Following so closely on the heels of a large number of heavy losses the sinking of the Cayuga was a severe blow to the insurance business. Among the practical marine men it was believed the steamer could ultimately be got afloat again, but it was thought the expense would amount to nearly all it was worth. The work must be done with pontoons, and will be a long, tedious job at best. If the Hurd was at fault for the collision the Lehigh Valley line will not get much out of it. The total loss on the Cayuga and cargo is about \$300,000. The liability of the Lake Superior line is limited to what the Hurd is worth after the collision, which may be \$5,000 or \$6,000.

April 23 a stranger giving the name of L. C. Rogers rented a box in the Stillwater, Minn., post office. He commenced sending postal orders to various business houses in St. Paul and Minneapolis, the amounts being usually \$15. He sent one to Dunham & Eastman without announcing what it was for, and next day wrote them it was a mistake, asking them to send a check for the amount, which they did. He raised this check to \$445 and got the money from the Northwestern National Bank, Minneapolis. He also forged the firm's name on the back. Next day he presented another forged check for \$465, purporting to be from Dunham & Eastman, receiving the money. He tried the Security Bank next day for \$800, and when payment was refused the fellow vanished. The last time he gave his name as Coyne.

Gov. Holcomb Friday authorized the following statement: I have been advised by the State relief committee that the wants of the people in the drought stricken portions of Nebraska have been supplied to such an extent that further contributions from sources outside of the State are unnecessary, and there remains in the hands of the treasurer of the commission sufficient funds to care for any isolated cases which may arise. In making this announcement I desire to acknowledge on the part of the people our gratitude for the evidences of kindly interest which have come from almost every State in the Union in the form of generous donations to relieve the distress of our unfortunate drought sufferers, and to the railroads and express companies which have transported these contributions in many instances free of charge.

The cold snap of Monday night was one of the most general ever experienced at this time of year, extending as it did from Nebraska to the Atlantic coast. The aggregate damage to crops and fruit will be enormous. The grape-growing section of New York State was one of the heaviest sufferers, the injury to that interest alone being estimated by one of the largest growers at \$2,000,000. Snow fell in Wisconsin at several points, which report killing frosts and much damage. Michigan practically was under snow, nearly every dispatch received reporting a more or less severe fall. Crops and fruit were considerably damaged in many places. The peach belt may not have been so hard hit. Indiana got a touch of the snowstorm, several places reporting light frosts. From Iowa comes a story of damage to fruit about Boone which amounts to total destruction. Potatoes and grapes were destroyed in Greene, Calhoun, Carroll and Guthrie Counties. Many other places send similar reports. In Ohio, throughout the central portion, vegetables were killed, and fruits met a like fate in the northern part of the State. Damage to wheat and corn is not believed to have been great. Corn, fruit and garden vegetation sustained considerable damage in Minnesota, but the main crops were not affected except in a few instances. Garden stuff and fruit in the northern tier of counties in Missouri were nipped, but the damage in other parts of the State was inconsiderable.

SOUTHERN.

The Louisville city court has declined to hold Fulton Gordon, who killed his wife and Archie Brown.

The Tennessee House rejected, 60 to 30, the bill appropriating \$300,000 for the Tennessee centennial exposition. A motion to reconsider was made.

Mrs. Heyward H. McAllister, wife of the son of the late Ward McAllister, has filed a suit for absolute divorce at Savannah, Ga., on the ground of desertion.

The Mary Lee Coal and Railway Company's property at Birmingham, Ala., was sold to satisfy a decree in favor of the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company of Baltimore, Md. The bondholders bought it in for \$40,000.

FOREIGN.

An effort is to be made to organize a district of the Knights of Labor in Portugal. A. E. Swasey, of Galveston, Texas, who is now on his way to that country on private business, has taken with him an organizer's commission and proposes to make an effort to induce the wage workers of Spain and Portugal to interest themselves in the order.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg states that up to Sunday it was believed that Japan would refuse to give up Port Arthur. Orders were given to mobilize 110,000 troops in the Irkutsk and Tomsk districts and a credit of 20,000,000 roubles was opened. It was in view of this attitude of Russia that Japan immediately yielded to the demands made by Russia, France and Germany.

The republic of Brazil is having an experience in finance much like that of the United States. Senator Mendonca, the Brazilian minister in Washington, has received copies of the recent decree for an internal loan of 100,000,000 contoes, or \$50,000,000. Part of this was taken by the people in the form of a popular loan, much as Senator Sherman urged as the most desirable manner of floating bonds. Of this \$10,000,000 was at once used in redeeming paper money, and \$15,000,000 more will be used for the same purpose. The important feature of this step is that Brazil has begun to strengthen her gold reserve and reduce her paper money, with a view to bringing her two forms of currency—gold and paper—to an equality.

It will not be bimetallic, as Brazil has little silver except for subsidiary coin, but it will inaugurate the unique system of gold and paper circulating side by side on an equality.

The commission which has been investigating the atrocities in Armenia traversed the devastated villages and arrived at Jelligoozan, where 120 houses were found to have been burned. The people were sheltered in miserable huts. Ample proof was found of the truth of the stories told regarding the massacre of Armenians and the fact that their bodies were thrown in large numbers into a pit, where the Turks endeavored to conceal their crime by pouring barrels of petroleum upon the bodies and setting fire to the oil. The flames, however, failed to consume the mass and a stream was dammed and diverted from its course in order to wash away the half-burned bodies. But even this failed to obliterate the terrible evidence against the Turks, and the local authorities were compelled to remove the remains piecemeal. The villagers had removed the bulk of the bodies and interred them in consecrated ground before the arrival of the commission at Jelligoozan.

IN GENERAL.

The theological world is thoroughly stirred by the announcement that Elizabeth Cady Stanton and nearly a score of co-laborers, in the persons of distinguished women, will undertake a revision of those portions of the scriptures dealing directly or indirectly with the relative positions of man and woman, and will publish the results of their labors in a new Bible, which is to be known as "The Woman's Bible." Mrs. Stanton has declared that the greatest obstacle which has retarded the advance of woman's cause is the inferior position accorded her in the scriptures as now translated, and that she can attain the full measure of her self-respect and equality with man in which God created her only when the Bible is correctly retranslated. This work, she holds, should be done by women, as man has, in every translation, declined to do her justice.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "The event of the week is the demoralization of foreign exchange, caused by enormous sales of bonds abroad. Besides a sale of \$10,000,000 Manhattan and other railroad bonds through the syndicate large purchases on foreign account have been made for some weeks, so that the aggregate probably exceeds \$50,000,000 since the sale of governments. Safety for the summer means much for all business, and the syndicate deems it so fully assured that it distributes 40 per cent. of the money advanced by its associates, which relieves a large amount to stimulate operations in securities and products. Crop prospects also have greatly improved and this is of still higher importance, as it will do much to determine the character and volume of all business after summer uncertainties are over. In addition business is reviving, although the gain in great industries is retarded by many strikes."

Following is the standing of the clubs of the National Baseball League:

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Pittsburg	19	13	6	.684
Cincinnati	20	12	8	.600
Boston	17	10	7	.588
Chicago	21	12	9	.571
Cleveland	18	10	8	.556
New York	17	9	8	.529
Baltimore	14	7	7	.500
Philadelphia	16	8	8	.500
Brooklyn	17	7	10	.412
Washington	16	6	10	.375
St. Louis	22	8	14	.364
Louisville	17	5	12	.294

WESTERN LEAGUE.

Following is the standing of the clubs of the Western League:

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Minneapolis	10	8	2	.800
Indianapolis	11	8	3	.727
Grand Rapids	12	6	6	.500
Toledo	12	6	6	.500
Kansas City	12	5	7	.417
Milwaukee	12	5	7	.417
St. Paul	10	4	6	.400
Detroit	11	4	7	.364

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.75 to \$6.50; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$5.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 64c to 65c; corn, No. 2, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 2, 28c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 64c to 65c; butter, choice creamery, 15c to 17c; eggs, fresh, 11c to 13c; potatoes, car lots, per bushel, 50c to 60c; broom corn, per lb, common growth to fine brush, 4c to 7c.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 64c to 65c; corn, No. 1 white, 50c to 50½c; oats, No. 2 white, 33c to 33½c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$6.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 60c to 67c; corn, No. 2, 48c to 49c; oats, No. 2, 28c to 30c; rye, No. 2, 67c to 69c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, 60c to 69½c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 30½c to 31½c; rye, No. 2, 63c to 65c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$6.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$4.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 50½c to 51½c; oats, No. 2 white, 33c to 34c; rye, 65c to 67c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 51c to 52c; oats, No. 2 white, 33c to 33½c; rye, No. 2, 66c to 68c.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$6.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 1 hard, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2 white, 35c to 36c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 64c to 65c; corn, No. 3, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 2 white, 32c to 33c; barley, No. 2, 48c to 51c; rye, No. 1, 64c to 65c; pork, mess, \$11.75 to \$12.25.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$6.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.50; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2, 55c to 56c; oats, white Western, 38c to 41c; butter, creamery, 12c to 18c; eggs, Western, 13½c to 14½c.

BOAT AND CREW LOST.

THE KATE KELLY GOES DOWN
WITH ALL HANDS.

England's Own Official Maps Convict Her of Imposition Upon Venezuela—Royal Arcanum in St. Louis—Revenue Cutter Ordered to Sea.

Lost on Lake Michigan.

All doubts concerning the fate of the Kate Kelly were cleared away Wednesday when the tug Jesse Spalding reached Chicago from Kenosha with wreckage of the vessel. The Spalding sighted the tug Charm of Kenosha. The Charm had picked up beams, yawboat and timbers from the Kelly. On one piece of timber was painted the name of the boat. This and portions of the hull of the Kelly furnished conclusive evidence that the vessel had been wrecked. Captain Hatch and the crew of five men are undoubtedly lost. The boat had a history that surpassed that of most craft sailing the great lakes. She was built in Tonawanda, N. Y., in 1867, by Martel. The first owner of the boat was a woman of somewhat wide reputation who lived in Buffalo. She was eccentric and well off, but she did not belong to Buffalo's "four hundred." The Kate Kelly was known among marine men as the "Jew peddler," but she had not traded on Lake Michigan until the last few years. She was a schooner of the old class, fast going out of service. She was of 246 tons, rigged fore and aft. In 1886 she was completely overhauled and rebuilt, so that she has been kept in serviceable condition. She was sold by Edward Gable, of Oswego, three years ago to Captain Hatch. He had sailed her in these regions for two seasons past and had managed to make money out of her.

Venezuela Is Right.

According to advices received in Washington, important British documents have been found at Hawaii relating to the pending British-Venezuelan boundary question in which the United States has urged arbitration as a means of settlement. Assistant Surveyor General Curtis J. Lyons, of Hawaii, has examined them, and has made a map, accompanied by a statement, which, it is said, supports the Venezuelan contention, even on the evidence thus far presented by the British. Senor Andrade, the Venezuelan minister, says it is the first time that the documents sent out by the British foreign office have been made available in the controversy. The records now brought to public attention by Mr. Lyons were furnished to Hawaii by the British foreign office at a time when Hawaii was a monarchy and largely under British control. On comparing this with the map furnished by the foreign office twenty years ago he found that the boundary line had been entirely changed. The first map gave the line as Venezuela claims it should be. The last map shifts the line far westward and includes as British territory about 10,000 square miles which the first map showed clearly to be Venezuelan territory. This intervening 10,000 square miles is the subject of contention.

NEWS NUGGETS.

Mrs. Adele Ford, wife of Patrick Ford, of the Irish World, died at Brooklyn.

A three-foot vein of gold-bearing quartz has been found near Guntersville, Ala.

A strong shock of earthquake was felt at Corfu, Greece. No damage was done.

Theodore Durrant, in the event of his acquittal on the charge of murdering Minnie Williams and Blanche Lamont, will sue the San Francisco chief of police for damages.

Mrs. Bigley, late hospital nurse in Dubuque, is soon to be married at Los Angeles, Cal., to Lord Arthur Hepburn, the possessor of large estates in England and New Zealand.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that, despite the pressure exerted by the powers, Japan persists in declining to fix the date for the evacuation of the Liautong peninsula and Corea.

General Freight Agent Wight, of the Baltimore road, was found guilty in the United States District Court at Pittsburg, Pa., of violating the interstate commerce law in granting freight rebates.

William Smith, the last of the Battle Creek, Mich., train wreckers, was arrested at Holly, Mich. Detectives have followed Smith all over the world. He was the leader of the wreckers, and since last October men have been on his trail day and night.

About 100 delegates, representing twenty-one councils, attended the eighteenth annual session of the supreme council of the Royal Arcanum in St. Louis. The report of C. W. Hazard, supreme regent, showed that during 1894 the Royal Arcanum paid to widows and orphans death benefits amounting to \$3,959,599, leaving a balance on hand of \$463,478. Dec. 31, 1894, the order had a membership of 119,507, a net increase for the year of 11,084. During 1894 16,509 new members were initiated and 1,344 deaths recorded.

At Port Townsend, Wash., unexpected orders have been received for the revenue cutter Grant to immediately prepare for sea. This movement is thought to have been actuated by the refusal of the British authorities to renew the Bering Sea regulations, and the desire of the United States Government to communicate with its cutters now patrolling the sea. Under the present complicated arrangements, should our cutters seize British sealers upon the high seas for violation of the sealing regulations, serious complications might arise between the two Governments.

The old Marine Hospital building at New Orleans has been sold at auction for \$21,000. It originally cost the Federal Government \$442,000.

James Gibbons, a prominent capitalist of Cleveland, has undergone an operation for appendicitis at Portland, Me., and is reported to have an even chance for recovery.

FRUIT IS BLIGHTED.

JACK FROST CAUSES SERIOUS DAMAGE.

Reports from Various Sections Show the Injury Inflicted by Monday Night's Cold Snap Was Great—Garden Stuffs and Fruits Affected Most.

Snow in Places.

Jack Frost again swooped down on the fruit trees of Southern Michigan, Ohio, Indiana and Wisconsin early Tuesday morning and blighted almost the entire crop. The frosts of Saturday and Sunday nights began the destruction. Tuesday the young leaves turned black and the blossoms withered. Few districts escaped. Reports of damage are conflicting, but it is calculated only one-fourth of the fruit crop will be saved. From fifteen States Professor Moore, the weather watcher in Chicago, received telegrams reporting the condition of crops and the general influence of the weather on the cultivation and growth of all cereals during the week. The reports set forth that the cool wave, which overspread nearly the whole of the country east of the Rocky Mountains, had proved very unfavorable to growing crops, and that much injury had resulted from frosts in northern latitudes. In the Western States the reports state that during the early part of the week the crops were doing splendidly, but the frost of Saturday and Sunday nights had proved disastrous. Some of the States were suffering from drought, notably Ohio and Illinois. In the eastern part of Ohio wheat, corn, potatoes and fruit were seriously injured. The reports in general were cheering concerning the condition of wheat, oats and barley. But fruit, corn and vegetables have suffered.

The following readings of the thermometer, taken at 6 o'clock Tuesday morning, best tell the tale of the frigid wave's visit:

Marque te, Mich.	28
Green Bay, Wis.	30
La Crosse, Wis.	30
Grand Haven, Mich.	32
Port Huron, Mich.	34
St. Paul, Minn.	34
Duluth, Minn.	34
Indianapolis	34
Keokuk, Iowa.	36
Des Moines, Iowa.	36
Cincinnati, Ohio.	36
Erie, Pa.	36
Cleveland, Ohio.	36
Sandusky, Ohio.	36
Toledo, Ohio.	36
Louisville, Ky.	36
Pittsburg, Pa.	38
Parkersburg, W. Va.	38
Cairo, Ill.	40
Chattanooga, Tenn.	40
Knoxville, Tenn.	40
Nashville, Tenn.	40
St. Louis, Mo.	40
Vincennes, Ind.	40

State Reports.

Michigan—As far as can be learned the frosts of Saturday night did but very little damage except on the high ground of the central part of the lower peninsula, where fruits, corn and garden truck were nipped. Beside the garden truck, which has been killed outright, strawberries seem to have suffered the worst. Estimates now place the State crop at less than half the usual yield, a direct loss to growers of close to \$150,000. The covering of snow is believed to have preserved all grain from serious injury.

Indiana—Fruit, vegetables and grain have been killed in many sections of the State, central Indiana being the only section that escaped with moderately small loss. In the southwestern section potatoes, beets, tomatoes and melons were killed, and whole fields of corn were frozen stiff and turned black under the rays of the burning sun. Though the fruit was protected to some extent by foliage, grapes, cherries and apples suffered greatly, and it is questionable if one-fourth of a crop will remain. Ice in many localities was from one-fourth to one-half inch thick.

Illinois—Frost has reduced the prospects for an abundant supply of grapes probably 50 per cent. Cherries suffered to some extent, but it is thought little or no damage was done to apples or peaches. Potatoes, beans, tomatoes and other garden products were cut down and destroyed. Early corn was somewhat damaged. Wheat and oats are all right.

Iowa—Corn in spots has been nipped to the ground, and garden truck badly damaged. Otherwise none of the reports indicate any permanent damage either to corn, small grain or small fruit. Tomato plants and vegetation of similar kinds were ruined. Potatoes, beans and peas were slightly injured, but will recover. Corn along the Burlington Road on the

main line, west and south, is scarcely injured at all. The fruit also escaped, as the foliage, being more luxuriant than usual, played a prominent factor in preserving them.

Nebraska—The damage to fruits is estimated to be enough to reduce the crop one-half. Small grain suffered very little. Patches through the State show ten to twenty acres of corn ruined. This is only in the lowlands. Damage to other grain very light. Those fields of corn known to be damaged are being prepared for replanting at once. The acreage, consequently, will not be decreased.

HER ACTION APPLAUDED.

An Indiana Lady Who Suppressed a Gross Nuisance.

The action of Mrs. Dr. Anna Lemmon Griffin, who, while attending a Muncie, Ind., theater the other evening, refused to allow two young men to crowd past her to go out and "see a man" between the first and second acts, met with commendation and applause not only in Muncie but throughout the whole country, and letters and telegrams have been received by her from many cities, all upholding her refusal. The young men had crowded into their seats at the commencement of the performance past Mrs. Griffin and a party of ladies whom she was with. When the curtain fell on the first act they asked permission to pass out again, and Mrs. Griffin said they could not do so. They protested and even called the police, but Mrs. Griffin remained seated and the manager said she could not be compelled to let any one pass in front of her until the end of the performance, and the young men were made to sit down. A storm of applause followed, which, together with the newspaper comments which have since been made, showed the manager so plainly that the people considered the passing out between the acts a nuisance, that he has cancelled the door-check system, and the nuisance has been abated.

MRS. DR. GRIFFIN.

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Don't kick; shoes are going up and you can't afford to wear them out.

The half-breed uprising in North Dakota seems to have lacked yeast—it didn't rise.

England will not take the Nicaragua Canal just now. She'll wait till it's finished.

No wonder the Oscar Wilde jury disagreed; it certainly was a most disagreeable case.

For a young man of his peculiar habits Lord Sholto Douglas makes too loud professions of his honor. Falstaff had the same fault.

It is now reported that Li Hung Chang has been degraded. Can it be possible that he has been compelled to remove his ulster again?

Russia says that Japan has acted upon its "advice." The imperial humorist or the court jester must be responsible for the use of that word.

The Briggs case seems to have all the staying qualities of the grip, without the latter nuisance's excuse in the way of occasional fatal results.

It is said that a revolution is looked for in Nicaragua just as soon as this season's coffee crop is harvested. Haven't they enough grounds for one now?

The press agents of the summer resorts are beginning to get in their work. Asbury Park, N. J., is reported to have a colored man who saw Washington cross the Delaware.

In a Denver court they are attempting to prove that Du Maurier did not write "Tribly." It was a foregone conclusion that someone would take compassion on him sooner or later.

If Judge Meyers, of Leavenworth, have his way, Dr. Keeley, of gold cure fame, must make known the ingredients of his celebrated specific. This may result in making every "jag" victim his own physician.

The St. Louis judge who fined that unutterable nuisance, a masher, \$100 and regretted that the law would not permit him to raise the figure, is entitled to the gratitude of the country. If the strong arm of the law be powerful enough to mash the masher, it should not be withheld.

THE SCHOOL FUNDS.

APPORTIONMENT AS MADE BY SUPT. PATTENGILL.

Number of Children in the Different Counties, 694,565—Total Amount to Be Distributed, \$423,684.65—Detroit Gets \$46,971.22.

The semi-annual apportionment of primary school funds was made by Superintendent of Public Instruction Pattengill as follows:

Counties.	No. children included in apportionment.	Amount apportioned.
Alcona	1,781	\$ 1,086 41
Alger	428	261 08
Allegan	12,263	7,480 43
Alpena	4,553	3,097 33
Antrim	3,879	2,366 10
Arenac	2,435	1,485 35
Baraga	1,373	837 53
Barry	7,140	4,390 80
Bay	21,885	13,349 85
Benzie	2,500	1,525 00
Berrien	13,386	8,165 46
Branch	9,088	4,232 18
Calhoun	12,444	7,590 84
Cass	6,015	3,669 15
Charlevoix	3,408	2,078 88
Cheboygan	4,706	2,907 26
Chippewa	4,262	2,599 82
Clare	2,350	1,438 99
Clinton	7,827	4,774 47
Crawford	781	445 91
Delta	4,967	3,029 87
Dickinson	3,865	2,377 05
Eaton	9,204	5,014 44
Emmet	2,914	1,777 54
Genesee	11,296	6,890 56
Gladwin	1,437	876 57
Gogebic	3,271	1,995 31
Grand Traverse	4,941	3,014 01
Gratiot	9,108	5,555 88
Hillsdale	8,265	5,041 05
Houghton	14,043	8,566 23
Huron	12,124	7,395 64
Ingham	11,988	7,312 68
Ionia	10,111	6,167 71
Iosco	3,976	2,425 36
Iron	1,446	882 06
Isabella	5,863	4,186 43
Jackson	12,813	7,815 93
Kalamazoo	11,473	6,998 53
Kalkaska	1,577	961 97
Kent	37,594	22,932 34
Keweenaw	896	546 56
Lake	1,723	1,051 03
Lapeer	9,400	5,734 00
Leelanaw	3,138	1,914 18
Lenawee	13,438	8,197 18
Livingston	5,820	3,550 20
Luce	561	342 21
Mackinac	2,190	1,335 90
Macomb	10,763	6,505 43
Manistee	8,686	5,286 26
Manitou	150	91 50
Marquette	12,642	7,711 62
Mason	5,964	3,688 04
Mecosta	6,812	4,155 32
Menominee	7,221	4,404 81
Midland	4,324	2,687 04
Missaukee	2,138	1,304 18
Monroe	11,078	6,757 58
Montcalm	10,924	6,663 64
Montmorency	698	425 78
Muskegon	13,348	8,142 28
Newaygo	6,102	3,722 22
Oakland	11,092	6,766 12
Oceana	5,375	3,278 75
Ogemaw	1,766	1,077 26
Ontonagon	1,570	957 70
Oscoda	5,793	3,494 08
Oscoda	308	224 48
Otsego	1,324	807 64
Ottawa	13,599	8,295 39
Presque Isle	1,054	1,008 94
Roscommon	453	276 33
Saginaw	27,886	17,010 46
Sanilac	12,275	7,487 75
Schoolcraft	1,627	992 47
Shiawassee	9,455	5,707 55
St. Clair	18,129	11,058 69
St. Joseph	6,863	4,186 43
Tuscola	11,355	6,926 55
Van Buren	9,248	5,641 28
Washtenaw	12,571	7,668 31
Wayne	94,379	57,571 19
Wexford	4,209	2,567 49

Totals.....694,565 \$423,684 65

The following is the amount apportioned to the city of Detroit, and the several townships of Wayne County:

Townships.	No. children included in apportionment.	Amount apportioned.
Brownstown	887	\$ 522 77
Canton	349	212 80
Dearborn	826	503 86
Detroit city	77,002	46,971 22
Ecorse	1,277	778 94
Greenfield	715	436 15
Grosse Pointe	1,075	655 75
Hamtramck	925	504 23
Huron	680	414 80
Livonia	461	281 21
Monguagon	707	431 27
Nankin	887	541 87
Plymouth	1,204	734 44
Redford	494	301 34
Romulus	682	416 02
Springwells	3,354	2,045 94
Sumpter	483	294 63
Taylor	447	272 67
Van Buren	417	254 37
Wyandotte city	1,337	937 57

Total.....94,379 \$57,571 19

Well-Known Lansing Man Passes Away.

Cyrus Alsford, for many years one of Lansing's most substantial business men, died from the results of a disease contracted during his long service in the war of the rebellion. Mr. Alsford had nearly attained the age of three score and ten years, and his residence had been in Lansing since 1859. During the greater part of his life he was one of the leading druggists of the city and was a man well known and highly esteemed. He leaves a widow and three children, two sons and a daughter.

Will Not Rebuild.

Whitney & Batchelor, whose mill at Melbourne was destroyed by fire, will not rebuild and will discontinue the manufacture of lumber on Saginaw river. All the logs in the boom have been sold to C. E. Eddy.



Five French dramatists are at present engaged on plays dealing with "Louis XVII."—Sardou, Pierre Decourcelle, Henri Ceard, Henri de Weindel, and Charles Buet.

William Watson, the English poet, has been granted a pension of \$500 a year by Rosebery's Government. The Gladstone regime had already provided him with a pension of \$1,000 a year.

Tolstoy's new story is called "Master and Man." It describes with pathos and simplicity the way in which a commonplace, money-loving man sacrifices his life in a great storm to save that of his servant.

Among the comparatively recent acquisitions of the British Museum are a number of unpublished tales by Charlotte Bronte, written under the pseudonym of "Lord Charles Albert Florian Wellesley." The museum also possesses a letter in which Miss Bronte refused to allow a London publisher to bring out her portrait.

Admiral Sir R. Vesey Hamilton, of the British navy, is arranging to bring out a collection of letters from naval officers of all ranks, from midshipmen to admirals, containing something more of their daily life than can be learned from official reports. It is believed that the graphic stories of officers describing to their friends and relatives scenes of which they were eye-witnesses, with their observations, would be interesting.

An interesting book is announced in "The Tragedy of Fotheringay," by the Hon. Mrs. Maxwell Scott, of Abbotford. It is founded on the recently published journal of D. Burgoing, physician to Mary Queen of Scots. It will contain a photograph of the Blair portrait and illustrations from the Calthorpe manuscripts, among them being contemporary drawings of the trial and the execution of Mary at Fotheringay, and lists of names, in Beale's writing, of those present on each occasion.

A Modest Millionaire.

I never saw a man take life less seriously than John D. Rockefeller. He has an easy way of saying and doing things that appeals to the aesthetic nature. That \$1,000,000 suit brought by Lon Merritt is not costing him a wink of sleep. Nothing worries him, not all his millions. At times I have known John to seem dull. I have known people to take him for a soft, slow, stupid fellow instead of the hard, gliding, firm, rocky fellow that he is. He once had an employe, a nervous, irritable young man, full of his own importance, but, withal, a capable clerk. He occupied an office in which there was one of those pulling and lifting machines, and regularly every morning about 9, when he was immersed in figures or correspondence, a small, black-moustached man, quiet and diffident in manner, entered, said "good-morning," walked on tiptoe to the corner and exercised for a quarter of an hour. It became a bore to the clerk, who at last, unable to stand it longer, remarked, with considerable heat and fireworks, to the inoffensive, but annoying stranger: "How do you expect me to do my work properly while you are fooling with that—machine? I'm getting tired of it. Why don't you put it where it won't worry a person to death?" The stranger replied with a blush: "I am very sorry if it annoys you. I will have it removed at once." A porter took it away within an hour. A few days later the clerk was sent for by Mr. Flagler, whom he found in earnest conversation with the small, black-moustached man. The latter smiled at seeing him, gave Flagler some instructions and left the room. "Will you tell me who that gentleman is?" the young man asked, a light beginning to break upon him. "That was Mr. Rockefeller," was the reply. With a gasp for breath, the clerk staggered back to his office to think. It was his first acquaintance with the Standard Oil magnate.—New York Press.

The Duke Vs. Tobacco.

It is not quite fifty years since the issue from the House Guards of General Order No. 577, which contained the following memorable counterblast: "The Commander-in-chief has been informed that the practice of smoking, by the use of pipes, cigars or cheroots, has become prevalent among the officers of the army, which is not only in itself a species of intoxication, occasioned by the fumes of tobacco, but, undoubtedly, occasions drinking and tipping by those who acquire the habit; and he treats the officers commanding regiments to prevent smoking in the mess rooms of their several regiments and in the adjoining apartments, and to discourage the practice among the officers of junior rank in their regiments."—Notes and Queries.

Scantly Settled Counties.

It is no exaggeration to say that there are counties in the West and South that do not have as many inhabitants as an ordinary New England village. Cook County, Minnesota, had less than 100 inhabitants in 1890, but it was populous compared with Yoakum County, Texas, in which there dwelt but four people, presumably the Sheriff and his family.

DOINGS AT LANSING.

WORK OF THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

An Impartial Record of the Work Accomplished by Those Who Make Our Laws—How the Time Has Been Occupied During the Past Week.

The Law-Makers.

The Michigan legislators are to be given an opportunity to vote on the restoration of the death penalty, the Senate Committee on State Affairs having Thursday recommended the passage of the Smalley bill making murder in the first degree punishable by hanging. The bill prescribes that all executions shall take place in the State prison at Jackson. It is claimed that a majority of all the Senators favor the passage of the bill. Another important report was that recommending the passage of the bill cutting down the number of members of the lower branch of the Legislature from 100 to 60. The Senate by a bare majority passed the Bially bill abolishing the present State Board of Health and providing for the appointment by the Governor of a new board of six members, of which the Governor shall be a member ex-officio, and also that the secretary shall be elected every two years, and shall not be a member of the board as at present. The House passed the Senate bill creating a board of registration, and to regulate the practice of medicine in Michigan. The new board, which is to begin operations July 1, is to be composed of four regular physicians, two homeopaths, two eclectics and two physio-medics. All physicians in practice in the State July 1, and all having diplomas from reputable colleges, are entitled to registration.

In order to facilitate business, the lower house of the Legislature did not adjourn over Saturday. The Senate Friday adjourned until Monday night. Before adjourning the latter body passed the bill appropriating \$165,000 for the completion of the new insane asylum at Newberry. This is the largest appropriation of this session.

The most important bill passed by the Michigan Legislature Monday was one amending the law for the incorporation of trust companies. The bill provides that in cities having a population of 60,000 or less the capital stock shall not be less than \$100,000; in cities having more than 60,000, and not exceeding 100,000, the capital stock shall not be less than \$150,000, and in Detroit the capital is not to be less than \$300,000, nor more than \$500,000. The bill providing for the taxation of iron ore and logs as personal property was slaughtered.

Mayor Pingree, of Detroit, was interested in the passage of a bill to give the new Detroit street railway company certain terminal facilities over the lines of the Citizens' Railway Company. The lower house of the Legislature recently refused to pass such a bill, and Tuesday an attempt was made to force a similar measure through the Senate. The attempt, however, failed, and the further consideration of the bill was indefinitely postponed.

The building and loan associations won a decided victory in the House Wednesday by securing the passage of a bill requiring all building and loan associations to make annual reports to the Secretary of State and empowering that official to make investigations and examinations. Bills were passed requiring that the size of all fruit packages be marked on the outside. Among the important bills killed were measures prohibiting the insertion of the 80 per cent. clause in fire insurance policies and permitting cities to exempt real estate mortgages from taxation.

Food Makes the Man.

Food is force. As a rule, few people know how to eat. They fail to realize that the quality of all mental action is determined by the quality of food. Lack of energy and buoyancy of spirit is often as fatal to good work as is illness itself, and there is no question but that hygienic cooking produces directly the one or the other. There is such a thing as "a cooking menu"—the scientific solving of the problem. The universal temperance reform will begin when good cooking becomes the rule rather than the exception in every household. The extra elaboration of pastry should give way to excellence in the preparation of simple foods, of steak perfectly broiled, good bread, a realization of the value of fruit, and of tea and coffee made in a way that retains their flavor and stimulus. With hygienic food, reasonably early hours of sleep, and an intimate acquaintance with fresh air, clearness and vigor of mind can be constantly had that will act on affairs with successful energy.—Journal of Household Economics.

Vowels and L's.

"M. J. C.," a Republic reader of Wheeling, W. Va., writes as follows: "That 'name oddity' in the Republic of Feb. 23 reminds me of something equally as curious. Dr. Rupert, of Greenbrier County, this state, the father of fifteen children whose names all begin with the letter L and end with a vowel. The children's names are: Ledona, Lavira, Livigna, Loena, Lycena, Lualzo, Leancy, Lallia, Ladura, Leonda, Laina, Lydaho, Lomega, Lenida and Leslie."—St. Louis Republic.

Never Exhausted.

"You never get to the end of Christ's words. There is something in them always behind. They pass into proverbs, they pass into laws, they pass into doctrines, they pass into consolations, but they never pass away, and, after all the use that is made of them, they are still not exhausted."—Dean Stanley.

HAILSTONES PICKED UP AT OMAHA.



The hailstorm which recently swept the eastern portion of Nebraska was the worst in the history of the State. A photograph of some of the hailstones which fell at Omaha was taken shortly after the storm had passed, and the samples were gathered at random from a flat roof. The largest one in the group measured 5 1/2 inches in circumference nearly an hour after it fell.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

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CHELSEA, THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1895.

PERSONAL.

D. H. Wurster spent Sunday in Detroit.

Ed. Hammond spent Sunday in Jackson.

Mrs. J. Staffan was an Ann Arbor visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Ward are visiting friends in Saline this week.

Miss Mae L. Wood spent Sunday with friends in Ann Arbor.

Victor Hindelang of Albion spent Sunday with his father at this place.

Misses Lizzie and Nellie Maroney are visiting friends in Port Rowan, Ont.

Fred Thompson of Jackson was the guest of friends at this place last Monday.

W. S. Hamilton, veterinary surgeon is at Grass Lake on Thursday of each week.

Mrs. Bert Taylor visited her mother Mrs. T. Wallace in Ann Arbor last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bury of Ann Arbor are visiting friends at this place.

Will Wedemeyer of Ann Arbor spent Sunday with his brother at this place.

C. White and Mrs. E. L. Negus spent Sunday with friends in Eaton Rapids.

Miss Winifred Potts of Jackson was entertained by Miss Mae L. Wood last Monday.

Miss Carrie Everett of Ypsilanti, has been the guest of her uncle, Jay Everett.

Mrs. C. H. Parker of Jackson spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Hamilton.

Miss Emma Schumacher of Pontiac was the guest of Mrs. Andrew Congdon last week.

Mrs. U. H. Townsend spent several days of last week in Ypsilanti with her daughter, Luella.

Mrs. John Krause of Ann Arbor was entertained by Mrs. Jacob Schumacher Sunday last.

Henry Steinbach of Ann Arbor was the guest of his parents at this place the first of the week.

Ezra Heininger, of Toledo, is visiting his brother Henry who resides near Four Mile lake.

Mrs. E. H. Keyes spent part of last week with her stepister, Mrs. S. A. Scott who is seriously ill.

Mrs. Myron Stilwell of Jackson is spending the week with her brother, Dr. W. S. Hamilton, and family.

Mrs. David K. Dixon returned home Saturday from Marshall where she has been spending several weeks with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Hall and daughter and Mrs. C. Cole of Manchester spent the week with Mr. and Mrs. A. Sawyer.

Misses Agnes and Dolly Maason, Maude Pervis, Maude Moore and Nellie Gibson of Jackson were entertained at the home of Miss May Sparks, last Sunday.

Charles E. Weber of Kalamazoo spent Sunday in town as the guest of his cousin, Fred Wedemeyer, and family. Mr. Weber is Grand Commander of the order of the Red Cross and was on his way to Detroit, to attend the state convention of the order.

He Was Going.

He was a trifle obfuscated, and was very familiar. As he was passing Boyd's hotel, he dropped his watch, and on picking it up held it to his ear for a moment, then said "It's going." Thereupon he dropped it again, picked it up and walked up to a stranger and rubbed it against his ear several times all the time repeating, "It's going, it's going." The stranger stood it for a short time, but it began to get tiresome, and for a little change he let drive his right fist, struck the man with the watch under the chin, and knocked him about twenty feet, and as he struck him, said, "It's going."

Waterloo.
 Fred Croman is now quite ill with measles.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Schiller of Lima visited at John Moeckel's Sunday.

Dillon Rowe of Charlotte visited relatives here the first of the week.

Ira Collins returned home Saturday from a four weeks' visit in Detroit.

Wm. Collins of Dundee is visiting his brother Thomas this week and enjoying himself fishing.

Miss Bertha Foster is now home helping her mother weave. Mrs. Foster has been kept very busy all spring.

Unadilla.

Maude May entertained Janet Poyer one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. May of Dexter spent a few days of last week at E. C. May's.

The Y. P. S. C. E. will hold a business meeting for the election of officers Saturday evening, May 25th.

Died Monday May 20, 1895. at half past two o'clock, Charlie, youngest son of Mrs. Flora Watson at the age of five years and 8 months. His spine was injured about a week ago by falling from a wagon. The funeral was held Thursday at half past 10.

Attention, K. O. T. M.

Chelsea Tent, No. 281 is invited to take part in the Memorial services, Thursday, May 30th. Let every Sir Knight turn out and make a showing that will be an honor to our tent.

J. S. SPEER, Com.

Advertised Letters.

The following is the list of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, May 20 1895:

Miss Myra Bird, Mr. J. H. Moore, Webb H. Pearel and C. H. Smith.

Persons calling for any of the above please say advertised.

GEO. S. LAIRD, P. M.

Lost.—A silver pin about four inches long. Finder please leave at this office.

A house and four acres of land in Chelsea village, also village lots for sale. Apply to D. B. Taylor.

A lady at Tooleys, La., was very sick with bilious colic when M. C. Tisler, a prominent merchant of the town gave her a bottle of Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy. He says she was well in forty minutes after taking the first dose. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill. writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At Bank Drug Store.

Persons who sympathize with the afflicted will rejoice with D. E. Carr of 1235 Harrison street, Kansas City. He is an old sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism, but has not heretofore been troubled in this climate. Last winter he went up in Wisconsin and in consequence has had another attack. "It came upon me again very acute and very severe," he said, "My joints swelled and became inflamed; sore to touch or almost to look at. Upon the urgent request of my mother-in-law I tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm to reduce the swelling and ease the pain, and to my agreeable surprise it did both. I have used three fifty cent bottles and believe it to be the finest thing for rheumatism, pains and swellings extant. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

CURES DR. MERIT
ALL BLOOD MIXERS MAKES IT
DISEASES FAMOUS
C. & S. S.
FOR THE BLOOD
SO PLEASE THE DR. MIXER
ANT TO THE BEST HASTINGS.
THE TASTE (MICH.)
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.

Spring and Summer MILLINERY

New Importations
 New Shapes
 New Styles

Latest Novelties.

Prices were never cheaper than now. We know you cannot do better for price, style and quality than at our parlors. Call and see if we are not right.

ELLA M. CRAIG.

Over Holmes' Store.

Wanted

We want to give you a position along with the rest of our customers and will do your laundry work in the best possible manner and at the lowest prices for good work. We would like to add

50

new customers to our list this week from Chelsea and vicinity. We employ nothing but experienced help in every department and are doing work for

Men

in large cities who are well pleased and why can't we satisfy you? We have located here for business and urge that you give our work a trial, when we will satisfy you or charge you nothing.

CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY,

S. A. Mapes, Prop.

For whooping cough Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is excellent. By using it freely the disease is deprived of all dangerous consequences. There is no danger in giving the remedy to babies, as it contains nothing injurious 25 and 50c bottles for sale at the Bank Drug Store.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

Chelsea Savings Bank.

At Chelsea, Michigan

At the close of Business, May 7, 1895.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	\$104,302.09
Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc.	51,642.65
Overdrafts.....	None
Banking house.....	4,200.00
Furniture and fixtures.....	3,845.10
Other real estate.....	15,379.36
Due from banks in reserve cities.....	18,622.15
Due from other banks and bankers.....	11,500.00
Exchanges for clearing house.....	1,417.54
Checks and cash items.....	5,611.38
Nickels and cents.....	88.66
Gold coin.....	1,600.00
Silver coin.....	1,546.25
U. S. and National Bank Notes.....	4,287.00
Total.....	\$224,042.18

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in....	\$ 60,000.00
Surplus fund.....	4,207.83
Undivided profits less current expenses, interest and taxes paid.....	1,057.05
Commercial deposits subject to check.....	26,298.66
Commercial certificates of deposit.....	56,318.48
Savings deposits.....	21,708.82
Savings certificates of deposits.....	54,451.79
Total.....	\$224,042.18

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, Geo. P. Glazier, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of May, 1895.

THEO. E. WOOD, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: THOS. S. SEARS
 W. J. KNAPP.
 W. P. SCHENK.
 Directors.

HATS! HATS!

Children's ready trimmed hats

98c

Ladies' trimmed hats,

\$1.50:\$2.00

Call and see them at

Mrs. F. M. Hooker's

McKune block, upstairs.

Potatoes for Planting

Early Freeman Potatoes from seed grown by Professor T. B. Terry the noted agriculture author and potato grower of Ohio. Also the famous early Polaris potatoes for sale by H. L. Wood, Chelsea.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the probate court for the county of Washtenaw made on the sixth day of May, A. D. 1895, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Lydia A. Letts, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said probate court, at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the sixth day of November next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on the sixth day of August and on the sixth day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, May 6th, A. D. 1895.
 J. WILLARD BABBITT,
 Judge of Probate.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the probate court for the county of Washtenaw, made on the 26th day of April, A. D. 1895, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Jacob Stabler, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said probate court at probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 26th day of October next, and that such claims will be heard before said court on the 26th day of July and on the 26th day of October next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, April 26, A. D. 1895.
 J. WILLARD BABBITT,
 Judge of Probate.

IF YOU WOULD BE

Happy

Be careful what you eat. There's a theory afloat that low grade food makes a low grade man. It may not be true. Still, owners of fine horses are particular about the feed—and man is just another kind of animal. It is just as well to be on the safe side and buy groceries of

R. A. Snyder.

JUST LOOK!

Two packages yeast cakes 4c
 6 lbs Butter Crax 25c
 Good canned corn 6c
 Good can peaches 10c
 6 cans sardines 25c
 Shaving soap 2c
 7 bars good laundry soap 25c
 Come and get a sample of our sun cured Japan Tea
 We have a good tea for 30c
 Try our 19c coffee
 Best coffee in town for 25c
 A good fine cut tobacco 25c
 "The Earth" for 15c
 Tooth picks per box 5c
 A good syrup for 19c
 Best line of candles in town
 Try a sack of our Gold Medal Flour
 Best Spring Wheat Patent Flour.
 Call and see our 49c laundered shirts, white or colored, modern styles
 Our line of work shirts can't be beat.
 Our \$1.50 men's shoe is a hummer
 We have the best line of neckwear to be found at 25c
 15c handkerchiefs for 10c
 Good handkerchief for 5c
 Ladies' hose 10, 15 and 25c
 Headquarters for all kinds of produce

R. A. SNYDER.

NEW SPRING MILLINERY

I am prepared to show a full line of all the latest novelties in millinery.

Mrs. J. Staffan.

MISS WALLACE,

DRESSMAKER.

Rooms upstairs in McKune Block.

Chelsea,

Mich.

ALWAYS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

10 bars laundry soap 25c
 A. H. soda 6c per lb.
 2 pkg Yeast Foam 5c
 Best tea in Chelsea 50c
 Best tea dust 12c
 Bottle olives 10c
 Bottle pickles (all kinds) 10c
 Smoking tobacco 16c

J. S. CUMMINGS

CENTRAL

MEAT MARKET

The best of everything in the meat line is kept at the Central Market.

All kinds of Sausages.

Give me a call.

ADAM EPPLER.



We would call your attention to our nice line of Couches, and the low prices we are making. Also book cases, bed room suits, dining chairs room and picture molding, Refrigerators cheaper this year than ever before. Look through our stock and get our prices before you buy elsewhere. Walker buggies at factory prices.

W. J. KNAPP.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

C. E. Chandler is very sick.

Ed. Hindelang has been quite lately ill.

Sparks is now clerk at the House.

Bacon is suffering from inflammatory rheumatism.

W. R. C. will hold their regular meeting this week Friday evening at past seven.

Gorman is now sole proprietor of the cigar factory, having purchased Mr. Eisenman's interest.

Twenty-five houses in this city are ornamented with a red banner bearing the legend "Measles."

The board of review for Sylvan township will meet at the Town Hall Monday and Tuesday, May 27 and 28.

Baumgardner of Ann Arbor is in position some fine monuments for Frank Staffan and James.

W. H. Walker will preach the funeral sermon to the G. A. R. at the Hall Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

P. Schenk of Chelsea was in the city yesterday buying a fall stock of clothing of J. H. Cutting.—Washington Times.

The people in the eastern part of the state are bothered with thieves taking milk that milkmen have left at their doors.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Luella A. Denman to Edward J. Whipple, to take place Wednesday, May 19th.

McClaskie and Miss Storms entertain the Senior class at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, to-morrow evening.

Another heavy frost Monday night will finish the work of destruction commenced last week. The frost was general throughout the state.

Chelsea Tent K. O. T. M. now has a band. Many of the members were the old cornet band, which has been one of the best bands in the state.

Tichenor has just completed the finest boat that has ever been seen on the neck of woods. It can be seen in his shop under Eppler's market.

There was another new time card issued by the Michigan Central Sunday. There are only two changes that affect trains stopping at this station. The corrected card on last page.

The annual Sunday School Institute in the Adrian district will be held in the E. church at Hudson Tuesday and Wednesday, May 28 and 29. An excellent program has been prepared.

An exchange truly says: "It takes a man to draw a check, a pretty girl to draw attention, a horse to draw a top, a cork, a free press to draw a crowd, and an ad in a paper to draw the trade."

Almas has made a substantial gain in population during the past year, and the industries seem to be flourishing. Supervisor Dancer reports thirty-two births and seven deaths in the township during the past year.

H. J. Prissel of Ahmednagar, Ind., will occupy the pulpit at the congregational church next Sunday morning and evening. Mr. Prissel is known to many Chelsea people having preached here some years ago.

The telephone office at this place is now connected with University Hall in Ann Arbor, that listeners here could easily hear the singing in the choral of Faust, which was rendered at that place Saturday evening.

An elegant vestment press made by the department of the Josephinum Institute of Columbus, Ohio., for St. Mary's church, was put in place last Sunday, and is a most beautiful and substantial piece of church furniture.

The Adrian Press has just entered its thirty-third volume. It is as lively a cricket, not a sign of rheumatism about it, as is evidenced by the sprightly manner in which it gets after those who do not agree with its line of thought. Long live the Press.

A program of the ninth annual meeting of the Women's Home Missionary society of the M. E. church, Adrian district, has been placed in our hands. The meeting is now in session at Ridgeway and promises to be very interesting.

A complaint is made by some of our citizens that the boys of our town are disturbing the peace of our Sunday by playing ball. Parents should see that their children do not repeat such disturbance else complaint will be lodged with the proper authorities.

The Passing Players gave two very creditable performances of "Fun in a Boarding School" at the opera house this week. Every member of the company is an artist and there are plenty of songs and specialties so that the interest never lets up from start to finish.

Rev. C. L. Adams is in Flint this week attending the Itinerant's Club of the Detroit Conference which began its session on Monday evening and closes on to-day. "Homilistical Studies in the Life of Christ" is the theme on which he gave an address or read a paper.

The damage suit of Peter Oesterle vs. F. P. Glazier, which took up the time of the court several days of last week, was given to the jury at noon Saturday. About an hour before midnight the jury came in and rendered a verdict for \$1,000 damages for the plaintiff.

Herbert Dancer, a graduate of the Chelsea High School, is one of the editors of the Castalian, the splendid annual which was issued last week by the members of the senior literary class of the University. Mr. Dancer will graduate from the literary department in June.

Will Stedman, while returning from the field recently, had the good luck to catch an eel measuring three feet in length and weighing five pounds, in the creek leading from Pierce's lake. What is the use of bothering to get hooks and line when you can catch a five pound fish with a hoe?

In a letter to the Standard from J. C. Young, who has been in San Francisco for some time, he says "I sail to-morrow for Cook's Inlet on the southwestern coast of Alaska. I have joined a party of eighteen men and we are going there to mine. There were some very rich discoveries of gold found there late last year. We have provisions for a year, and a complete outfit for placer mining. Will try to write you something of interest after I reach my destination."

A hen on the farm of Robert Foster has been trying to get up a reputation and recently laid an egg that measured 8 3-8x7 inches. Let her cackle, she has earned the privilege.—Chelsea Standard. We are in doubt whether to credit that hen with the right to cackle or the Standard man. That story sounds as though the fertile imagination of the editor instead of the hen produced that egg.—Ann Arbor Argus. The editor of the Standard will plead guilty to writing the item, but not to laying the egg.

The beautiful devotion of the Forty Hours' Adoration will open in St. Mary's church, Chelsea, on Sunday, May 26th, at 10:30 a. m. The sermon will be preached by the Very Rev. Benedict Neithart, the rector of the church of the Holy Redeemer, Detroit. Special services will be held every morning at 9 o'clock, and every evening at 7:30 o'clock. The exercises will close Tuesday evening with solemn and impressive services. Rev. Fathers Schenkleberg of Jackson, Flemming of Dexter, and Weidenrich of Manchester will also assist.

Friday morning last as George Mast was driving up Main street his horse became unmanageable and when in front of the postoffice ran against another rig, the shock throwing Mr. Mast out and the wagon box on top of him. He was removed to R. S. Armstrong & Co.'s store and upon examination was found to have sustained a number of injuries, chief among which were a broken nose and the fracture of the bones of one of his feet. He was removed to his home and is now as comfortable as is possible considering the nature of his injuries.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com.—Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at Bank Drug Store. Regular size 50 and \$1.00.

FOR A FEW DAYS

We will offer

SALT FISH

At Very Low Prices.

A good salt fish 3c per lb.

Salmon steak you can buy at our store by the pound.

Fine No. 1 white fish in bulk

Fine No. 1 mackerel in bulk.

We also carry a nice article in salt pork.

All the best of us get our hams and breakfast bacon of Blaich. Why? Because he sells the best sugar cured hams and bacon.

Bring in your butter and eggs.

GEO. BLAICH.

\$10.00

Men's Suits for \$10.00.

You can't afford to miss looking at them.

We bought the goods cheap which enables us to sell cheap.

Suits that fit; suits that were made up for this season's trade; suits that are equal in every respect to many \$15.00 and \$18.00 suit offered to the trade.

A large assortment of the most desirable men's suits ever shown to the trade.

During the next thirty days you can select from the entire stock any suit you want with but a few exceptions, for a \$10.00 bill.

All wool worsted suits \$10.00.

All wool cheviot suits \$10.00

All wool cassimere suits \$10.00.

Made up single and double breasted sack coats, short and long cutaway coats.

During this sale we will close out 200 men's boys' and children's suits at about one half former price.

Most of these are odds and ends somewhat off in style, but first class goods in every other respect.

First class goods for less money than you would ordinarily pay for shoddy.

Remember we have the largest and most complete assortment of boys' and children's clothing shown in Chelsea

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

And Still Our Trade Increases

It must be the quality, good clothes are always by intention, never by accident.

GEO. WEBSTER.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF

FURNITURE

We have decided to put the knife into our Furniture Stock, and commencing Saturday, May 25th, will offer at prices never before known, all of our furniture consisting of full lines of Dining and Parlor Chairs, Sewing and Floor Rockers, Arm Chairs, Parlor Furniture, Couches and Lounges, Fancy Stands and Tables, Sideboards and Cupboards, Bedroom Suits, Springs and Mattresses, Extension Tables, Desks and Book Cases, Baby Cabs.

Here are Some of the Prices.

A good woven wire spring for 98c worth \$1.50.

Oak bedroom suits \$15.60, worth \$20. Bedroom suits \$11.40, worth \$15.00. Lounges \$3.85, worth \$6. Lounges \$5.68, worth \$8. Lounges \$6.92 worth 10.00.

5-piece parlor suit 14.00 worth 22.00.

Stands for 63c, worth 1.00. Stands for 93c, worth 1.50.

Book Case 3.82, worth 5.50. Book case and desk 6.94, worth 10.50.

A lot of pictures, worth from 1.50 to 2.00 for 1.00.

Some floor rockers at one-half price.

Sideboards worth 18.00 for 11.83.

Two bedroom suits worth 40.00 for 30.40.

If you want bargains, now is the time.

HOAG & HOLMES



CHAPTER XVII.

No one enjoyed the ball at Bayneham more than the stately countess, who rejoiced in seeing all those of brilliancy and note in the county assembled under her son's roof. She listened with exquisite delight to the praises the Duke of Laleham lavished upon his young hostess. As Barbara could never be mistress of that grand old castle, it was well to have some one whose beauty and grace were so universally admired.

When Lord Bayneham joined his mother, asking her to take a walk through the rooms with him, he was surprised and delighted to find that for the first time she spoke with warm affection and admiration of his wife; still more when they came to a quiet little boudoir, where Hilda had sought refuge for a few minutes' repose.

"Tired," she said, in answer to her husband's question—"just a little, Claude. I am tired with pleasure and happiness; it is all so bright and beautiful."

Lord Bayneham smiled. To Hilda's great surprise, the countess, who had never embraced her since her wedding day, went up to her, and kissed the fair face that flushed with joy as she did so.

"You have charmed me this evening, Hilda," said Lady Bayneham, kindly. "I shall begin to believe that you win all hearts."

She passed on, leaving the husband and wife together.

"Claude," said Hilda, "I am too happy. I had but one shadow of trouble—that was, I feared your mother would never love me. But she does; she will care for me almost as much as she does for Barbara Earle."

"A great deal more," replied Lord Bayneham, looking at the fair, loving face.

"Then I have nothing left to wish for," said Hilda, with a sigh of unutterable content.

"I cannot stay with you, Hilda," said the young earl. "Rest for a few minutes, then I will fetch you."

She smiled as he looked at her; and many long years passed before Claude Bayneham saw the same expression of happiness on her beautiful face.

In the far distance Hilda heard the sound of music, broken every now and then by the wailing of the wind, that bent the trees, and mourned with the cry of a lost soul round the Castle walls. She was a very fair picture, seated in the dim, mellow light of the little boudoir, the firelight gleaming in her costly jewels, and throwing a half halo round her golden head. The remembrance of Lady Bayneham's words was sweet to her. Young, beautiful, and loved, she had not one sorrow or care.

She might have laughed at the dismal wail of the winter wind. It was chanting some sorrowful dirge of grief and want, woe and death. What had such to do with the beautiful, brilliant lady, who listened, with a smile on her lips, thinking how perfectly happy she was. Then, remembering she had promised Bertie Carlyon the last dance before supper, Lady Hilda rose to return to the ball room.

"I was just coming for you," said Lord Bayneham, drawing his wife's arm in his; "Greyson has been here in search of you. He wants to speak to you; it is something about the arrangements, I suppose. I will send him to you."

Greyson was the butler, who had served Lord Bayneham's father, and was consequently looked upon as a valuable and confidential servant. He approached Lady Hilda, looking carefully around to see if anyone could hear what he had to say. His young mistress stood near a large recess; it was half divided from the ball room by a thick crimson curtain.

"My lady," he said, producing a folded paper, "I have been asked to give you this, without letting any one see or hear of it."

Lady Hilda hastily opened the note. It was almost illegible, as though the hand that wrote it had trembled and shook.

"Lady Hilda Bayneham," it began, "the doctor tells me I am dying. I have been dying for two days past, but I cannot leave this world until I have seen you. I shall have no answers to the questions I must be asked unless I see and speak to you. It is from the threshold of eternity I summon you. Do not delay; and as you value the love and happiness around you, do not say one word of this. I am dying at the little cottage near the Firs."

"How strange!" said Lady Hilda, as she read the little note over again. "Who brought this, Greyson?"

"Old Mrs. Paine, from the Firs, my lady."

"Was any message left with it?" she inquired.

"None," replied the man, "except that she asked me to give it to you soon, and when you were quite alone."

The butler imagined, as old Mrs. Paine had done, that it was a request for alms. Every one in sorrow or want sought Lady Hilda, and no one ever sought her in vain.

As there was no more to be said, Greyson hastened to resume his duties, leaving the lady bewildered and surprised with the note in her hand.

"It must be an appeal for money," she

said. "I will not be anxious over it. I wish, whoever wrote the letter, had asked plainly for what is wanted."

She tried to believe it was but a somewhat uncommon way of soliciting money. Yet they were solemn words; she heard them above the soft, sweet, dream-like music that filled the ball room—above the courtesies and homage offered to her; above the voice of flattery and love they rang out clear, cold and solemn. "From the threshold of eternity I summon you."

Bertie Carlyon wondered what spell lay on those rosy lips—they were mute and still; the bright, beautiful face had a troubled, wondering look.

"I fear you are very tired, Hilda," said Lord Bayneham to his young wife.

"I am not tired," she replied, hastily, "but I am—"

Then she stopped abruptly, remembering those other words, "As you value the love and happiness around you, do not say one word of this."

"You are what?" said Lord Bayneham, smiling, yet wondering why his wife's face flushed and the words died upon her lips.

She made some evasive reply and turned away. It would have been a great relief to have shown him the note and asked him what he thought. He would have understood it; but a strange fear and dread had seized the brilliant lady; she dared not disobey that command.

At the head of that sumptuous banquet she was obliged to talk and listen, obliged to give her whole attention to her duties. Yet there were many who thought their young hostess looked strangely tired and distraite. She was grateful when the Duke of Laleham took his departure. The other guests were not long in following his example.

"We have had a delightful night," said Barbara Earle, as the little family group assembled in the boudoir; "but even pleasure fatigues one. I propose—and you must second my resolution, aunt—that no one speaks another word. Let us retire; Hilda looks tired and worn out."

"Though it would be delightful to talk over the ball," said Bertie, "I for one obey Miss Earle; and off he went to the smoking room."

Yet even when they were all gone, when she stood in her own room alone, Hilda still heard these mysterious words. "Who is it," she thought, "that from the threshold of eternity would summon me?"

Almost for the first time in her life Lady Hilda Bayneham found herself unable to sleep. The golden head tossed wearily to and fro. For the first time she listened to the wailing of the wind, as to a strange wild music that told of sorrow and despair.

"I will end this suspense," she thought. "No one will be down much before twelve. I will rise at eight, and go to the Firs. If Claude discovers that I am out, he will think I am taking a morning walk."

Yet even that, the first concealment she had ever practiced in her simple, guileless life, troubled her.

It was a gray, cold morning—there was not even the glimpse of a sunbeam—when Lady Hilda dressed herself for her walk.

"You will be cold, my lady," said her maid, who wrapped a thick cloak around her.

"Yes," replied Lady Hilda; "but a long walk this morning will do me good. If Lord Bayneham asks for me, tell him I am gone out, but shall be back soon after eleven."

If Pauline thought there was anything extraordinary in her lady's proceeding, she made no comment.

The air was cold and bleak, the sky dull and leaden; there was a gray mist that hid the trees as Lady Hilda went on her way through the park. Once a new idea came to her and made her pause. "Suppose it should be a plan to rob me?" she thought. "But robbers and thieves could fear no question that should be asked in another world?"

She reached the little cottage at last. Mrs. Paine was up, and busily engaged in preparing breakfast. She looked dazed and confused when Lady Hilda, her face glowing with exercise, stood suddenly before her.

"You have some one here very ill," said Lady Hilda, "who wishes to see me."

The old lady made a profound reverence to the golden-haired lady.

"It will be my lodger, I suppose, my lady," she replied. "She begged me to take a note to you last evening; she is very ill—like to die, the doctor says, any minute."

Lady Hilda was relieved to find it was a woman who wished to see her.

"She lies upstairs, my lady," continued Mrs. Paine. "Shall I go up with you, my lady?"

"No," she replied. "I need not trouble you. The poor creature wants some little assistance, I have no doubt; I will go alone."

Even as Lady Hilda went up the narrow staircase she heard those solemn words: "From the threshold of eternity I summon you." The mystery was soon to be solved. She knocked gently at the door of the room, and a faint, sweet voice bade her enter.

When, in after years, did Lady Hilda forget the scene? The room was small, but clean, and even pretty. There was a little white bed with white hangings, a neat toilet table with a few ornaments. A little table stood near the bed; a small fire burned cheerily in the grate.

Lady Hilda entered the room quietly, moving gently, lest any sound should annoy the one who lay there. She went up to the bedside, and then uttered a low cry of surprise. White and worn, with a deep shade upon it, lay the same beautiful face she had seen in the summer.

The woman before her was the one who had asked her so long ago for a flower at the lodge gates. The sad, large eyes seemed to burn as they looked at her; the lips trembled and quivered, but could not utter a word.

"You wished to see me," said Lady Hilda, bending over her. "I came as soon as I could. I have disturbed you. Wait a few minutes, and then you will be better able to speak to me."

The burning eyes closed as she spoke, and Lady Hilda stood silently gazing at the beautiful, sad face, wondering what was the story it told. Deep lines of sorrow were on the broad, white brow and round the lips. As she gazed upon the face it seemed in some strange way to become familiar to her, as though years ago she had seen and loved it in her dreams; then the faint, sweet voice was heard again.

"Are you Lady Hilda Bayneham?"

"Yes," she replied, "I am Lord Bayneham's wife."

"You were Lady Hutton's ward?" continued the sick woman.

"Yes," said Hilda quietly, "she was my adopted mother; I knew no other."

She stopped abruptly, for the dying lips uttered a wild cry, and the white face was turned to her with a look of deadly anguish that was almost despair.

"Hush," said Lady Hilda gently; "what is it? You will make yourself worse. What can I do for you?"

The woman held out a thin white hand and clasped the soft fingers of the young girl; she held them up to the light, looking at the costly rings that glittered there.

"Let me see your other hand," she said. Lady Hilda gave it to her, and she glanced eagerly at it. On the third finger shone a plain gold ring. When the sick woman saw it she pressed it eagerly to her lips.

"Who gave you that ring?" she asked.

"Lady Hutton," was the reply. "She placed it on my finger on my sixteenth birthday. Why do you ask me these questions? What do you know of me?"

For all answer the sad, sweet eyes looked into her face, as though trying to read every thought of her heart.

"I could not die until I had seen you," she said. "I have hungered and thirsted for one look at your face, for one word from your lips. My heart craved for you, so that I could not die. I am breaking my oath, but it was a cruel one; besides, I must know what answer to give when I stand before the great white throne. God gave me a precious jewel, and I left it with another. He will ask what I did with it. What shall I say?"

Lady Hilda thought the poor woman was raving, and she laid her cool hand upon the hot brow. Still those sad eyes seemed to drink in every change on her face.

"When I gave my jewel away," she continued, "I swore that I would never reclaim it; but I cannot die until it is mine again. She will know, perhaps, in the other world that I have broken my oath—it must be so. Hilda, look at me. Have you no memory of me? Have you never seen me before?"

"Your face is familiar to me," replied Hilda, wondering at the strange address. "I have seen something like it in my dreams."

"Nothing more?" cried the woman, a wild sob bursting from the pale lips. "Is there no memory of the long sweet nights, when that golden head was pillowed on my breast; of the long days when I nursed you in my arms; of the hot tears I have shed over you—is there nothing that tells you of my love, my sorrow and despair? Ah, how many years is it since I clasped my little child in my arms, and took what I believed to be my last look at her! Hilda, I should rise, I should kneel there at your feet and ask you to pardon me, but I did all for the best."

Lady Hilda's face had grown very pale, her lips quivered, and her eyes grew dim. "I do not quite understand you yet," she whispered; "tell me more plainly who you are."

The white face turned to her, the lips trembled, the large sad eyes filled with tears.

"I have hungered and thirsted for you," she continued; "my heart burned within me, parched and withered for one glance at that face. Oh, darling, bend over me, lower still; look at me, pardon me. I am your unhappy mother—you are my only child."

"My mother!" said Lady Hilda, gently; "is it possible? Can it be true?"

"It is true, said the dying woman; 'eighteen years ago my heart broke when I gave you, my child, my love, my comfort, to another. I could not die until I heard you call me mother once again. Oh, darling—my own, my only child—do not turn from me. Say you forgive me, then I can die in peace.'"

Lady Hilda bent over the drooping face, so full of wild sorrow.

"Tell me all about it," she said, gently; "I do not understand."

Then, by the gray light of the winter morning, Magdalen Hurst told her story—told her simple beautiful girlhood spent in the bonny woods of Brynmar; of the fate that came to her there when she met handsome, reckless, unprincipled Stephen Hurst. She told the sad story of her married life, with its wretched ending, when the gay, handsome lover of her youth stood in the dock, and the fatal sentence was pronounced against him—how he wanted her to join him in that far-off land; and in order to do so she had parted with her only child.

"It was not that I did not love you, darling," pleaded the sweet, faint voice. "I died in that hour; life has only been a burden to me since. I had nothing to give you but shame, misery and reproach, the burden of a tainted name, poverty, and toil. She gave you wealth, honor and all that the world esteems. I knew you would be happy with her, for she loved you. Still, I could not face my Maker until I knew from my child's own lips that she was happy and well cared for. I am dying fast; call me mother once again."

(To be continued.)

A woman can do a wrong thing twice as quick as a man can, but it takes her a hundred times as long to forget it.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

THOUGHTS WORTHY OF CALM REFLECTION.

A Pleasant, Interesting, and Instructive Lesson, and Where It May Be Found—A Learned and Concise Review of the Same.

Lesson for May 20.

Golden Text.—"While we were yet sinners, Christ died for us."—Rom. 5: 8.

Jesus on the Cross is the subject of this lesson, found in Mark 15: 22-37. Calvary, at last. We have been on the way to it for a long time. All through the life of Christ the cross has cast its shadow, and indeed in the preceding lesson from the Old Testament we have had constant foreglimpses of its outlines. It is the center-point in the world's history, in the long ranges of eternity. Here all lines of prophecy meet, from here all streams of beneficence flow forth. About this crossbeam the discipleship of the ages groups itself, and the angels hover overhead. The Sunday schools of the world may well make solemn pause here, to-day—solemn and glad, also.

"In the cross of Christ I glory
Towering o'er the wrecks of time;
All the light of sacred story
Gathers round its head sublime."

"The place Golgotha." Most vivid point, most distinct place in all history. And how many are overlooking and ignoring it! "They bring him." The first meaning of the word is to bear, to carry (fero). Christ was swept there by Jewish hate, by Roman cruelty, by your sin and mine. We helped in bringing Christ to his cross. "He received it not"—the wine mingled with myrrh. He would take no stupefying draught. He would endure in his own strength, and by his election, the whole burden of the hour. His own received him not, but he meekly and graciously received death for them. For their sake he would take nothing less. "They parted his garments." Poor witless soldiers; they did not know, but they were fulfilling prophecy and indicating Scripture there. The psalm of the cross (22) was here put in graphic tableau.

"They that were crucified with him reviled him." This may have been literally the case at the first, the penitence of the one coming later, after he had beheld the kingly suffering of the Christ. And yet the account is elliptical, and Mark may have simply spoken of Christ's attendants upon the cross here in a general way, Luke only (23: 30-43) particularizing and distinguishing them.

"When the sixth hour was come, there was darkness over the whole land, until the ninth hour." The elements themselves sympathized, and this great event was signalized also by miraculous portent. "Jesus cried with a loud voice and gave up the ghost," saying probably here, "Father, into thy hands I commend my spirit." Just before, he had said "It is finished," and a moment before that, "My God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me?" There were seven voices on the cross, four of them spoken expressly in man's behalf.

Hints and Illustrations.

"On Calvary there was a cross, And nailed thereon was One Who was the bearer of my sins, God's well-beloved Son."

Incorporate Golgotha into your personal history; consider Calvary as a part of yourself. Jesus was there for you, for me. Our part then in one aspect was as large as his; yes, larger. The sin there carried was all ours; the strength and glory and righteousness all his. Accept to-day of Christ's atonement. Drive the truth home in the minds and hearts of all, that the stupendous transaction of the cross is, as nothing to us unless it mean individual salvation. Is he your Saviour? Do you take him now?

"Oh, why was he there as the Bearer of sin
If on Jesus thy guilt was not laid?
Oh, why from his side flowed the sin-
cleansing blood,
If his dying thy debt has not paid?"

At the hour of his deepest anguish Jesus was still all compassion. He thought of others rather than of himself. When he saw the women weeping on the way to the cross his word was: "Daughter of Jerusalem, weep not for me, but weep for yourselves and for your children." Christ's last act ere he yielded up the ghost was ministering to others. He had enough sorrow of his own (and indeed he bore the griefs of us all) to weigh him down, but he looked down and ministered comfort to his mother. Himself he could not save being Christ, but he turned and ministered salvation to the penitent thief at his side. When we behold that anguish in Gethsemane and that pain upon the cross, what does it say to us? This at least: If our salvation meant so much to Christ, the Son of God, what ought it to mean to us? Is it nothing to me that Jesus died in behalf of my poor lost soul?

A Parent's Example.

"What then is a parent's blessing? It is one word; example. It is but to the few that the wealth of the Indies and the gems of the mountains have been given to bequeath to their offspring. It is but to the few that it has been given to rush on the battlefield and fight for home and fatherland and thus transmit to posterity the blessed name of patriot. It is granted but to the few to have their blood shed in witness of the truth of their faith, to go to lands of fever and leprosy to carry and plant civilization there, and thus cause their name and fame to spread to remote generations. Even if these were undeniable blessings to bequeath to our loved ones, they are, at the best, but a passing show. Example is enduring; it is eternal."—Rabbi J. Leonard Levy.

July 24, Pioneer Day, is a holiday in Utah.

BEST IN THE WORLD.

CRISING SUN
STOVE POLISH

For durability and for cheapness this preparation is truly unrivalled.

PASTE STOVE POLISH
THE SUN PASTE POLISH for a quick after-dinner shine applied and rubbed with a cloth.

Morse Bros., Props., Canton, Mass., U.S.A.

Last Days of a Poetess.
Jean Ingelow is now a venerable woman of 74. She spends the most of the year at her quiet home in Kensington, alternating her time with a journey each season at Nice. In the places she is surrounded by her household pets, and in this life of quiet domesticity she passes her time, a little of her work unless urged to do so. She is described as "a sweet-faced gray-haired woman in a cap," with nothing romantic or suggestive of her profession in her appearance.

She Was Smooth, Though.
"That's rough on me," remarked the maiden as the youth rubbed his chest against hers. And then he realized that he had not been shaved.—Philadelphia Record.

A BABY

CONTRADICTS THE DOCTORS.

All Are Happy, Glad, and Well.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)

The theories of physicians in regard to female complaints suffer a "Waterloo" very frequently, when sensible and thinking women take matters into their own hands.



Women are sometimes compelled to act for themselves, because of the suffering forced upon them by incompetent doctors, who are baffled by very simple complaints, because they are not the right sex to comprehend them.

Lydia E. Pinkham, when she gave to the world her Vegetable Compound, lifted women from the darkness into light. She placed within their reach a guaranty, not only of health, but of delicacy and self-respect.

The following letter is a little story where a "dear little boy" was the "Waterloo."

"I have taken three bottles of your Vegetable Compound, one package of Sanative Wash, one box of Liver Pills, and now I have a dear little baby four weeks old, and I am well. I have to thank you for this."

"I have spent \$200.00 for doctors' bills without a cure. For my cure I only spent \$6.00."

"I was once a victim of female troubles in their worst form. I have suffered untold agonies every month, had to stay in bed, and have positively applied, and then could not stand the pain."

"My physician told me if I became pregnant I would die. I had bladder trouble, itching, backache, catarrh of the stomach, hysteria, and heart trouble, fainting spells and leucorrhoea. Can you wonder that I sing the praises of a medicine that has cured me of all these ills?" Mrs. Geo. C. KIRCHNER, 351 Snodgrass Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, sick headache, dizziness, dyspepsia, bad taste in the mouth, heartburn, torpid liver, foul breath, sallow skin, coated tongue, pimples, loss of appetite, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

One of the most important things for everybody to learn is that constipation causes more than half the sickness in the world, especially of women; and it can be prevented. Go by the book, free at your druggist's, or write B.F. Allen Co., 365 Canal St., New York. Pills, 10¢ and 25¢ a box.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

TEACHERS desiring positions for the coming year can hear of them at the NATIONAL TEACHERS' BUREAU, 11, 13, 15 State St., Chicago.

Women Only Know

How much they suffer when nervous, weak and tired. Nervous prostration is a lingering, living death to those afflicted, though wholly incomprehensible to others. The cause of this condition is impure and insufficient blood. Make the blood pure, give it vitality, and it will properly feed the nerves and make them strong. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures nervousness because it acts directly upon the blood, making it rich and pure and endowing it with vitality and strength-giving power. No other medicine has such a record of cures.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Makes Pure Blood

The Widow of Lyons.
In Lyons there is a boarding house run by a widow with a generous heart, and tramps came to know it, imposing upon her frequently. From morning until night she fed tramps on the doorstep, and was at a loss to know why they bothered nobody else in that neighborhood, but she found out one day when an engineer created a suit of rooms in her house. At the dinner table she told the engineer about the tramps. The boarder looked amazed for a minute, and then asked her if this was Franklin street. He was informed that it was. He then told the landlady of a bulletin that was posted in the railroad yard which read like this: "A good meal first house on Franklin street. Widow." And now a bulldog, who has a dislike to the hungry tramps, occupies the front yard.—Syracuse Post.

Horses Are Cheap.
Horses are so cheap in this Western country that horse thieves have quit stealing them and gone to stealing dogs.—Kansas City Times.

WE GIVE AWAY

Absolutely free of cost, for a LIMITED TIME ONLY.

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, by R. V. Pierce, M. D., Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalide Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, a book of over 1,000 large pages and 300 colored and other illustrations, in strong paper covers to any one sending and postage only. Over 650,000 copies of this complete Family Doctor Book already sold in cloth binding at regular price of \$1.50. Address: (with stamps and this coupon) WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.
KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.
DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS.,
Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book. A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken. When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label. If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause queasiness feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

THE HOWE SCALE
For catalogue and prices write to THE HOWE SCALE CO., Chicago, St. Louis, Cleveland, Minneapolis, Kansas City.

HOMES IN THE SOUTH.
Good farms; fine climate; low prices; easy terms. Address D. H. ROGAN, Colonization Agent Q. & C. R. R., Birmingham, Ala.

DYSPEPSIA
and "how to lose it." Our booklet will interest you if you're a dyspeptic. MAILED FREE for the asking. WEART & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

PATENTS
Thomas F. Simpson, Washington, D. C. No. 1111 F St. N. E. Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
Cures where all else fails. Don't cough, spit, or lose weight. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

Thousands write that they suffered intensely with nervousness and were cured by this great medicine. The building-up powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla are wonderful. Even a few doses are sufficient to create an appetite, and from that time on its healing, purifying, strengthening effects are plainly felt. The nerves become stronger, the sleep becomes natural and refreshing, the hands and limbs become steady and soon "life seems to go on without effort," and perfect health is restored. Such is the work which Hood's Sarsaparilla is doing for hundreds of women to-day.

AN IMPORTANT CASE.

IT COMES UP BEFORE THE UNITED STATES COURT.

A Suit for an Estoppel—The Eureka Chemical Company, of La Crosse, Makes the Trouble.

Papers have been filed in the United States Court of the Western District of Wisconsin, by Tarrant & Kronshage, attorneys for the Sterling Remedy Company, of Chicago and New York, in a suit for estoppel and damages against an imitation of No-to-Bac, the tobacco habit cure. The action is brought against a concern called the Eureka Chemical Company, of La Crosse, Wis. The principles involved in these proceedings are of the utmost importance to the proprietary interests of America in general, and form in many respects, a test case, the outcome of which will be carefully watched by the many other important manufacturing concerns similarly imitated. Not only the question of imitation of name, trade-mark, form of preparation and package enter into the case, but also the proposition whether the actual advertising literature used in establishing the publicity of a preparation can be stolen with impunity, word for word, by an imitator. The decision in this case will settle one of the vital points in United States trade-mark and copyright law.—Madison (Wis.) Democrat.

The Foundation Stone of Success.

The one great rule of business is that of honesty, absolute and unqualified honesty, writes Edward W. Bok in the Ladies' Home Journal. All the rules of business are worthless if they are not founded on that one and only foundation stone of true commercial success. Honesty is not alone the best policy in business; it is the one and only policy. Upon it, and upon it alone, can a good reputation be built, and a man in business without a reputation for honesty might just as well stop. Any deviation from the rule of honesty in business may bring temporary gain, but it invariably means permanent loss. On the other hand, a strict adherence to an honest policy may mean a temporary loss, but it is sure to result in a permanent gain.

Milestones on the Road

That leads to health are marked in the memory of those who, at regular stages and persistently, have been conveyed thither by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a potent auxiliary of nature in her efforts to throw off the yoke of disease. Malarial, kidney, rheumatic and bilious trouble, constipation and nervousness take their departure when this benignant medicine is resorted to for their eradication.

At the Theater.

She—Would you not like to go out and "see a man?"
He—Why, no; I wouldn't think of it.
She—But, really, I shan't object in the least.
He—How absurd! How can you say such a thing?
She—Well, to tell the truth, I want to see a man myself, and I know he won't come over while you are here.—Life.

World's Columbian Exposition

Will be of value to the world by illustrating the improvements in the mechanical arts, and eminent physicians will tell you that the progress in medicinal agents has been of equal importance, and as a strengthening laxative that Syrup of Figs is far in advance of all others.

Indefinite.

Clara—Mr. Sandstone wanted me to tell him your age last night.
Maude—But you didn't?
Clara—Not exactly. I only gave it to him in round numbers.—Life.

Tobacco Destroys Vitality.

Nervous system paralyzed by nicotine means lost manhood, weak eyes, and a general all gone look and feeling that robs life of its pleasure. Tobacco is the root of many a symptom of weakness, and No-To-Bac a guaranteed cure that will make you strong, vigorous and happy in more ways than one. No-To-Bac guaranteed and sold by Druggists everywhere. Book, titled "Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away," Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago.

Dr. William Howard Russell, the famous correspondent, who reported the Crimean war for the London Times was 74 years of age on March 28.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.
Is taken internally. Price 75 cents.

We are often able because we think we are able.—J. Hawes.

I HAVE found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. Lutz, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

RECALL OF THURSTON.

Hawaiian Government Finally Recalls That Much-Talked-of Missive.
Hawaiian advices from Honolulu say that the letter demanding the recall of Minister Thurston is there and has been read to the executive session of the council. It had been to Hong Kong. It went past Honolulu in a bag with others. The fault lies with the post office at San Francisco. The ground of the objection to Thurston is confined to a single transaction. The offense alleged is that Thurston, at the legation, showed to reporters private letters to himself from Honolulu. Gresham spoke to the Hawaiian minister about the matter. Thurston said that he regretted it very much; that in the hurry of handling a big mail he had shown this letter with others without any special intent. Secretary Gresham thereupon asked that the apology be submitted in writing. Thurston declined to do this. Gresham's letter is dated Feb. 21 last, and states that Thurston is no longer personally acceptable to the administration at Washington as Hawaiian minister. It is definitely settled that Thurston will not return to Washington. He has resigned, his resignation to take effect when his successor has been appointed. No retaliating measures will be taken by the Hawaiian Government, so a cabinet officer states, and Minister Willis will remain in Hawaii so far as anything the officials on this side may do or say to him.

A REMARKABLE COLONY.

Sixty-Eight Bank Officers Confined in the One Penitentiary.

There are now in the Kings County, N. Y., penitentiary sixty-eight prisoners, who, at one time or another, were officers of banks—some tellers, others presidents, and others still cashiers. The Kings County penitentiary is one of five penal institutions which are under contract with the Federal Government to keep in confinement all prisoners convicted of felonies by United States courts, and hence the large number of former bank officials, as these have been gathered from a wide extent of territory.

Speaking of his boarders, Warden Hayes of the penitentiary says: "I have here in my population as able financiers and expert accountants as ever lived. They came from all over the East and Southeast. We have them from Louisiana to Maine. If there should be a strike of tellers, cashiers and clerks in any one of the banks of greater New York I could furnish a complete staff on one hour's notice. Yes, I could fit the bank out with a president and a full force down to, but not including, the janitor. It is a remarkable fact which I have verified by looking over the records, that although there have been confined in this prison since it began to receive United States prisoners, twelve or fifteen years ago, a total of 130 bank officers and clerks, we have never yet had a janitor or watchman or runaway messenger."

AGAINST "COIN."

Referee Vincent So Decides in the Forrest-Hopkins Contest.

At Chicago, Referee William A. Vincent has made public his decision in the Forrest-Hopkins wager, in which the veracity of "Coin" was the question at issue. Mr. Vincent decided against "Coin."

The bet came about in this way: Ex-Mayor Hopkins, William S. Forrest and Sigmund Zeisler were engaged in a discussion on the money question. "From 1792 to 1873," said Mr. Hopkins, "silver was the unit of value in the United States." "What is your authority?" demanded Mr. Forrest. "'Coin's Financial School,'" replied the ex-mayor. "I'll bet you any amount of money at 2 to 1 that 'Coin' lied," said Mr. Forrest. "I'll take \$10 of that," said Mr. Hopkins, and the \$30 was put up in Mr. Vincent's hands. Mr. Forrest being called away, he left Mr. Zeisler to draw up the wager.

Mr. Vincent holds that two units of value were expressed from 1792 to 1873. W. H. Harvey, author of "Coin," says Judge Vincent's decision is a farce.



W. R. Smith, superintendent of the Botanic gardens in Washington, has held the place for forty-three years.

The Secretary of the Navy has appointed Herbert Howard, of Port Huron, Mich., a cadet at the naval academy.

Senator Gear, of Iowa, with his health in part restored after a desperate fight for life, will return home in a few days.

Prof. J. T. Rothrock is authority for the statement that 15,000,000 acres of land in Pennsylvania were sold for non-payment of taxes last year.

Gen. Stanton, paymaster general of the army, has received from Fort Washakie, Wyo., a magnificent war bonnet made by the Shoshone Indians.

Private Secretary Thurber says the statement that the President is writing a book on economic science, or on any other subject, is absolutely untrue.

The reclassification of employees of the customs service has been completed and the rules for carrying into effect all the changes made will be promulgated at once.

The six new gunboats for which plans have recently been approved by the Secretary of the Navy will be known by numbers until they are named by the Secretary.

The action of the Pension Bureau in construing the legal meaning of "dependence" under the act of June 27, 1890, has been reversed by Assistant Secretary of the Interior Reynolds, who says that by "adequate means of support" the law means a comfortable maintenance during the remainder of life.

Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest U. S. Gov. Food Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Economy requires that in every receipt calling for baking powder the Royal shall be used. It will go further and make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor, more digestible and wholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Rubinstein as a Composer.
As a composer Rubinstein had two great faults and one great virtue. He had a wonderful gift of beautiful and unassuming melody, but he never knew when he became tedious, and he was totally incapable of self-criticism. He never went over his work; in fact, he was altogether wanting in the necessary patience for this. That which he had written remained as first written, and undoubtedly it is this failing that will spoil his fame with posterity. It arose from want of control in his youth, for when a mere boy of thirteen he was left to his own devices. Consequently he wrote for years without direction, and at a period when it was most necessary; therefore he failed to learn that all-important lesson of all artists—a lesson to be learned only in youth, and difficult even then—self-criticism. His nature was of itself impatient. He rushed along, pen in hand, eager to give utterance to the thoughts crowding his brain, and there was none to stop him in his mad career. In moods of extraordinary exaltation he wrote masterpieces almost without effort, exquisite tone-poems over which the world went mad, and he grew to believe, and tried to convince others, that so all great work should be done.—Century.

Do You Know Its Cause?
Indigestion: Do you know when you have it? Do you know its cause and cure? Ask your druggist for Ripans Tablets. One gives relief.

The public no longer lacks a genuine remedy for skin diseases. The article is Glenn's Sulphur Soap. "Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye," Black or Brown, 50c.

Mrs. Winslow's Sore Throat Candy for Children: soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

THE CLARK SYNDICATE COMPANIES' FARMINGLANDS
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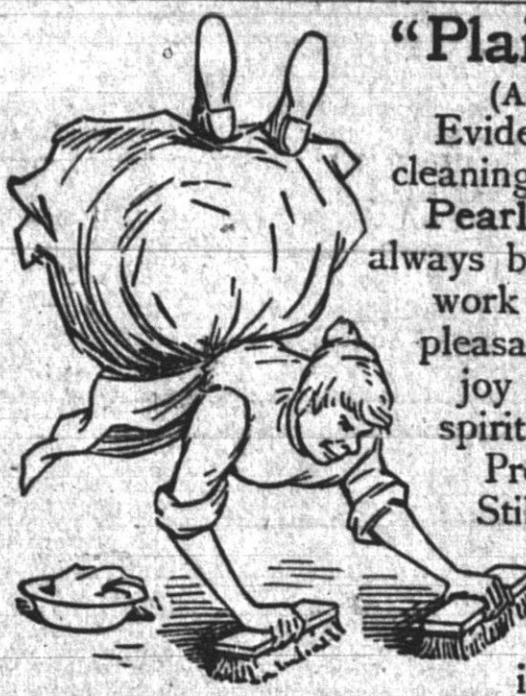
A ten acre fruit or vegetable farm on a Trunk Line Railroad, from \$5 to \$10 per acre—\$5 cash and 50 cents or one dollar per week, payable weekly or monthly. No taxes, no interest, until paid for; equally favorable terms on larger farms. Every man can have a home paid for in less than two years.

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C. N. U. No. 21-05

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WASHINGTON LETTER

Special Correspondence

These are the days when the average free coinage Congressman takes in sail as he reaches Washington. Occasional press dispatches from afar may depict him cruising under full canvas among a free silver constituency, every stitch drawing and leaving a wide wake of glittering generalities in his course. Free as the winds of heaven in his talk for free silver and often as airy. But let him come down to Washington to do a little business with the heads of the executive or with the president and see him take in his canvas. No longer is he the bold and dashing free silver cruiser, standing away before the wind with the free coinage flag proudly flaunting at the mizzen. He is now a quiet and unobtrusive craft, slipping along on an easy tack, with no ensign displayed. He is likely to become boarded, however, by one of the newspaper rovers on a prize cruise, when the congressional craft from western or southern parts must declare himself and show his manifest. Up comes the ensign at this, but it's the bi-metallic flag now. The big free silver banner is safely stowed away, and a diminutive piece of bunting of faded and uncertain color flutters feebly aloft. Wary and cautious is the congressman now, for he is in a bad way. If he talks freely about free silver he is likely to get a cool reception at the White House and the departments, where his business lies, and if he leans the other way some wicked opposition newspaper at home is sure to get it and post him as a gold bug. Thus it often happens that by the time the incoming congressman reaches the capital he has now grown uncommunicative and the harp that once through other lands twanged loud with silver tone is mute and hushed, and not a note responds to the touch.

The topic of conversation in political circles is still the speech of Don M. Dickinson, in which he parted company with the administration's foreign policy. Mr. Dickinson's remarks have created a profound sensation among politicians. Coming, as it did, from a man who has been a cuckoo of the cuckoos, such an absolute departure from the line of conduct which the present administration has adopted was most remarkable. In its patriotic tone and in its grasp of the conditions with which the United States is being brought to face by Great Britain the speech was equal to anything which could have been said by the King of Jingos—Senator Frye of Maine. Mr. Dickinson was in Washington until a few days and, being deeply interested in securing a portrait of the president. While here he was, as usual, a constant visitor at the White House, his last visit being upon the very day when he left for his home. Whether the president had any inkling of his purpose is not known. The rumor which was afloat to the effect that Mr. Dickinson would succeed Mr. Gresham as secretary of state and took this occasion to outline the policy which he would pursue is not credited. It is known, of course, that Mr. Gresham is a very sick man and that he will be unable to resume his official duties for weeks or perhaps months. He is also sick of the constant criticism to which he has been subjected. At the same time his personal friends state that he has no intention of leaving the cabinet. There is one reason given for Mr. Dickinson's action which is more personal to him than any other. This is that he is a candidate for the democratic presidential nomination and has sought by his speech to strike a popular chord. At any rate the speech has given rise to a vast amount of talk and speculation and it seems likely to be the forerunner of interesting developments.

Outside the mad and artificial official-swirl, there is another phase of society at the capital. It is in the quiet, conservative, substantial homes of Washington. Here you see the most rational and wholesome domesticity. The men have their business duties to attend to and the routine of their lives runs smoothly and healthily. They are good, solid citizens, independent of office holding, self-respecting, and untainted by the atmosphere of political or social ambition. The mothers and daughters have the ineffable charm of gentleness whose lives and manner are undefiled by the gossip scandal and jealousies of official Vanity Fair. You rarely see their names in the papers except when they marry or die, and they shrink from "the light that beats about" the "smart set" year in and out. There is no comparison of the moral tone of the ultra-fashionable and the kind of people I am speaking of. Poker playing for money, oaths, double entendre, habitual champagne drinking, the cavaliere serviente, are not characteristic of these, the best elements in Washington society. The home, the state, the church are the three great factors in these truly American homes, as against the hotel, fashionable life, the fad of the hour, and an ab-

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Over Holmes' Sun, Chelsea, Mich.

normal worship of wealth, position and foreign ways on the other hand.

The third month under the bond contract with the Morgan-Belmont syndicate has passed and up to this time all of the terms of the contract have been complied with to the satisfaction of the treasury officials. In February last, at the time of the contract, the treasury gold reserve amounted to \$42,783,000. The net gain in three months, principally from the syndicate deposits, has been over \$50,000,000, thus increasing the reserve to about \$93,000,000. The treasury officials say that not the least important feature of their contract with the syndicate was its agreement to protect the treasury, so far as it was able, from gold withdrawals for export. At this time, with sterling exchange at its present high rate, this is no light obligation, and it is more than probable that the syndicate has been compelled to make heavy purchases of gold in the west, possibly at a slight premium, in order to carry out its contracts.

Private Secretary Thuber says it is not true, as reported, that the president is writing a book on economic science, or on any other subject. He says Mr. Cleveland is constantly busy with his official duties and has no spare time to engage in literary work. The presidential family at Woodley are making arrangements for going away for the summer. It is likely that Gray Gables will see Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland by the first of June.

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